

Anzac Bulletin



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House near Beaumetz in which the last Germans held out in the Spring, 1917.

Australian Official Photograph.

CABLE NEWS FROM AUSTRALIA

Progress of the Railway Strike.

Sydney, 7th August.

The Sydney strike is spreading. Every railway and tramway employee was ordered out at midnight on Monday. At a conference between the Cabinet and the Strike Executive this afternoon both sides remained adamant. Mr. Fuller states that the Government offer the men a final chance to return to work at the usual starting time on Friday, otherwise they will lose their rights and privileges as employees of the State. Whatever the consequences the Government is unanimously and firmly resolved to adhere to the terms of this proclamation. If the strike is not terminated on Friday, the Government will utilise the offers of services already made, and will call for volunteers. The strike committee has declared all coal in the Commissioners' service "black." The newspapers anticipate that many tramway employees will disobey the call out on account of their recollection of the 1908 strike, when they fought and were beaten through other unions refusing to assist. A separate delegation of tramwaymen waited on the Ministry, but Mr. Fuller declined to state the representations made. All police leave has been stopped, and Redfern railway station is patrolled. The workshop of Arnott's Biscuit Factory has been closed, owing to the inability to obtain supplies. 1,500 hands are thrown out of employment. Many city houses are reducing staffs.

Medals for Soldiers.

Melbourne, 7th August.

The Governor-General has presented medals for bravery in action to Private Weston, Corporal S. Keogh and Private Tattie, and for long meritorious service in the Militia Forces to Major A. L. Roberts, V.D.

The Conscription Issue Discussed.

Melbourne, 8th August.

At a meeting of the Ministerial Party, the situation regarding recruiting was discussed. Mr. Hughes afterwards stated that no motion had been submitted. A general discussion took place, without any decision being come to, and the meeting adjourned, probably till Thursday. The Press reports that the

immediate taking of a second referendum on conscription was strongly urged by Sir W. H. Irvine, Mr. Boyd, and several others, but the meeting as a whole was opposed to any departure from the present policy of concentration on the efforts of voluntarism. Mr. Hughes said that no direction had been given to the Ministry on any question. The policy of the Ministry was the same as that upon which it had been returned by the electors. A deputation from the Chamber of Agriculture waited on Mr. Hughes and urged, inter alia, the necessity of National Service. Mr. Hughes, in reply, said that no logical objection could be raised against national service, which meant organisation to use our resources both of men and material, but his election pledge was against the introduction of Conscription until circumstances arose justifying the variation.

Curtailment of Sport.

Melbourne, 8th August.

The Federal Ministry has decided to restrict sport. Mr. Pearce stated that in New South Wales there would be an immediate reduction of racing, probably by fifty per cent. In other States the curtailment would be less. Boxing is to be limited to one fortnightly fixture in each State. The necessary regulations are being drawn up by the law authorities. There is no interference with football at this stage, because the season is now finishing.

To Reduce the Cost of Living.

Melbourne, 8th August.

A deputation of wharf labourers, butchers, storemen, packers and grocers unions, and the Trades Hall Council and P.L.C., waited on Mr. Hughes to urge the Federal Ministry to take steps to reduce the cost of living, and requested the appointment of a tribunal to investigate present prices as compared with pre-war prices. Mr. Hughes, replying, assured the deputation that the exploitation of the people would not be permitted, and promised to bring their request before the Cabinet.

Defence Act Amending Bill.

Melbourne, 9th August.

On the second reading of a Bill to amend the Defence Act, Mr. Pearce explained that the Bill was largely technical, and was designed to deal with

certain weaknesses in the principal Act, resulting from the war. Points covered relate to courts-martial, the personation of soldiers, the misuse of decorations, the reinstatement of men called up for home defence, and permanent appointments. A military order which has been issued provides that all officers serving on the Active List of the Citizen Forces who have refrained from volunteering for active service and do not wish to take the opportunity, should furnish reasons by August 27th.

The Death Penalty and A.I.F.

Melbourne, 9th August.

Mr. Groom, replying to a question in the House of Representatives, said that several members of the A.I.F. had been sentenced to the death penalty for offences committed on active service, but none of the sentences had been executed.

Fixing Food Prices, N.S.W.

Sydney, 9th August.

In order to prevent an undue inflation of food prices as the result of restricted transport, the New South Wales Cabinet has reconstituted the Necessary Commodities Commission, with Mr. Justice Edmunds as Chairman. It is suggested that the position be met tentatively by declaring the prices ruling on the 1st of August.

Bookmakers Invited to Enlist.

Melbourne, 9th August.

At Sandown Park Races, Sam Allen, the well-known bookmaker, offered £25 to the first eight bookmakers to enlist who passed the medical officer. One bookmaker enlisted.

Representation of Australia in U.S.A.

Melbourne, 10th August.

The Senate has passed a motion proposed by Mr. Bakhap, in favour of the appointment of an Australian official representative to the United States.

Anti-Recruiting in Australia.

Melbourne, 10th August.

Three officials connected with the Trades Hall Council are being prosecuted in connection with the Council's anti-recruiting resolution.

Returned Soldiers and Civil Service.

Melbourne, 10th August.

A Bill giving returned soldiers and sailors special facilities to enter the Commonwealth public service has passed the House of Representatives. Mr. Millen has supplied a return to the Senate showing that 35,680 Australian soldiers out of 139,483 have expressed a desire to settle on the land, including 21,077 with previous experience.

Investigation of Food Prices.

Melbourne, 11th August.

Mr. Hughes has requested the Inter-State Commission to investigate, at the earliest possible date, the prices of bread, meat, butter, cheese, bacon, vegetables, fruit, milk, groceries, clothing, boots and house rent.

**Importation of Luxuries.
New Customs Regulations.**

Melbourne, 11th August.

The importation of the following articles is prohibited from all countries, except with the consent of the Minister of Customs:—

Beer, cider, perry, perfumed spirits, bayrum, biscuits, confectionery, eggs, fur apparel, jewellery, imitation jewellery, imitation precious stones, and bodies for motor vehicles, either separate or forming part of the vehicle.

The importation of potable spirits for 1917-18 is restricted to 75 per cent. of the importations for 1916-17. Goods, except potable spirits in transit to Australia, are not affected.

The following amendments in the Customs rates have been made, operating from August 10th—

Item 3. Spirits and spirituous liquors N.E.I.—20s. per proof gallon.

Item 9. Spirituous preparations increased correspondingly.

Item 57. Wheat.—Free.

Item 58. Wheaten flour.—Free.

Item 129. Hessian jute piece goods. Free.

Item 134. Bags.—Free.

Item 320.—Exposed films.—1d. and 1½d. per foot.

Excise.—Beer brewed from malt and hops.—6d.

„ Other beer.—7d.

„ Spirits.—Rates increased in proportion to the increase in import rates.

Mr. Jensen, in making the announcement to the House of Representatives yesterday, said that the prohibitions meant £600,000 less revenue, which it was hoped to make up on increased liquor duties.

SIR JOHN FORREST'S BUDGET STATEMENT.**Proposed New Taxation.**

Melbourne, 9th August.

The Federal Treasurer, Sir John Forrest, delivered his Budget speech in the House of Representatives yesterday. The total revenue estimated for the present financial year is £35,181,655, including indirect taxation £13,630,000, direct taxation £10,650,000, postal revenue £5,670,000, revenue from other sources, £5,231,655. Adding £2,102,177, surplus from last year, the amount available to meet expenditure will be £37,283,832, including expenditure on ordinary service £16,600,614, payments to States £6,316,250, new works £1,257,617, war expenditure from revenue £13,109,351.

Australia's Debt, £169,177,767.

This year's loan for new works is estimated at £27,427,725. The expenditure from loan and revenue on war for the last financial year was £61,506,811; the estimate for this year is £97,160,581. After allowing for the balance of war loan moneys in hand on June 30th last, it is still necessary to raise £64,065,922 in war loans this year. Every effort will be made to raise this money in Australia. The Government will issue a new war loan at an early date. War savings certificates and war savings stamps are also being issued. The total public indebtedness of the Commonwealth of June 30th last was £169,177,767, including war loans £127,964,989.

A Bachelor's Tax.

The new taxation proposals made by

the Government are, a war-time profits tax, estimated to produce one million for the two years 1915-16 and 1916-17, and also an additional income tax of 10 per cent., with a £10 minimum in each case, on single men and childless widowers between the ages of twenty-one and forty-five years who have not enlisted in the Australian Imperial Force. For instance, a man with a taxable income of £500 will pay an additional £50.

Australia's Determination.

Sir John Forrest, in concluding the Budget statement, said that during this terrible war a great financial responsibility rests upon the people of Australia. "We realise that we are a part of a great Empire, and are fighting for its integrity and for our national life. We are confronted by foes unparalleled in the world's history for cruelty and barbaric atrocity. We are determined to stand firm united with our kinsmen in the old land and with our brave Allies, until there is an assured and, we hope, a not distant victory. We owe everything we possess, including our home on this continent, to the people of the Motherland. We have enjoyed advantages of peace and security under her care and protection for over a hundred years, and in this day of trial and adversity we are closer to the Old Land than we ever were even in the peaceful and prosperous days of the past."

Australian's Subscriptions for War Purposes.

Melbourne, 11th August.

The Commonwealth of Australia subscriptions for war purposes now total £7,356,800, made up as follows:—

Victoria.—Australian Red Cross, £650,116; Belgian Relief, £312,431; French Relief and Red Cross, £107,996; Y.M.C.A., £153,571; Lord Mayor's Patriotic Funds, £174,724; Polish Relief, £7,463; Serbian Relief, £21,318.

New South Wales.—Australian Red Cross, £557,051; Belgian Relief, £685,056; French Relief and Red Cross, £102,898; Y.M.C.A., £158,312; Lord Mayor's Patriotic Funds, £216,111; Polish Relief, £103,113; Serbian Relief, £52,500.

Queensland.—Australian Red Cross, £145,406; Belgian Relief, £193,890; French Relief and Red Cross, nil; Y.M.C.A., nil; Lord Mayor's Patriotic Funds, nil; Polish Relief, nil; Serbian Relief, nil.

South Australia.—Australian Red Cross, £78,000; Belgian Relief, £134,000; French Relief and Red Cross, nil; Y.M.C.A., £30,000; Lord Mayor's Patriotic Funds, £30,000; Polish Relief, nil; Serbian Relief, nil.

Western Australia.—Australian Red Cross, £207,090; Belgian Relief, £71,000; French Relief and Red Cross, nil; Y.M.C.A., £40,000; Lord Mayor's Patriotic Funds, £208,000; Polish Relief, nil; Serbian Relief, nil.

Tasmania.—Australian Red Cross, £78,982; Belgian Relief, £68,900; French Relief and Red

Cross, £3,287; Y.M.C.A., £10,260; Lord Mayor's Patriotic Funds, £22,014; Polish Relief, nil; Serbian Relief, nil.

General Patriotic Purposes.—Victoria, £408,864; New South Wales, £1,018,543; Queensland, £658,921; South Australia, £574,593; Western Australia, £34,000; Tasmania, £34,068.

(The latter includes the Commonwealth Button Day Fund, £155,778; War Chest, £162,729; Sydney Chamber of Commerce Food Fund, £110,659.)

The above figures are approximately to March 31st for Victoria, and to June 30th for other States.

The subscriptions to Allies relief funds by some States are shown under general patriotic purposes.

Additional subscriptions to the France Day and Australia Day funds are not yet closed.

The "Cumberland" Founders.

Sydney, 13th August.

The steamer "Cumberland" founded while being towed from Eden to Sydney for repairs, and now lies in thirty-five fathoms of water, a total loss.

Representation of Russia.

Melbourne, 13th August.

At a meeting of Russian citizens in Melbourne a resolution was passed urging the appointment of a representative of New Russia in place of Mr. A. N. d'Abaza, the present Consul-General.

GENERAL CABLES.

Ada Reeve has been farewelled at Sydney. She raised £4,000 for the London Anzac Buffet Fund.

Mr. Clement Giles has been elected Farmers' Representative on the Wheat Board by an overwhelming majority.

The Western Australian Elections have been fixed for September 29th. The writs will be issued on August 30th, and nominations close September 12th.

The Broken Hill Branch of the A.M.A. has decided to rescind the resolution abolishing the night shift in mines, leaving the matter in abeyance pending a conference of mine managers.

The Tasmanian Assembly carried a motion by 18 votes to 9 deploring the fact of Mr. Dicker having used words prejudicial to recruiting, and expressing the opinion that such words were a disloyal contravention of a member's oath of allegiance.

There has been a brilliant display in the Southern States of the Aurora Australis.

SPORTING CABLES.**Billiards.**

Melbourne, 8th August.

Gray is playing Lindrum a match at billiards of 16,000 up. Present scores are Lindrum 2,670, Gray, 1,678.

Melbourne, 13th August.

The scores in the billiard match between Lindrum and Gray are: Lindrum, 7593; Gray, 6,413.

Racing.

Melbourne, 13th August.

The Australian steeplechase at Caulfield was won by Caibye, with Battleship second, and Old Mungindi third. Starting prices were 10-1, 10-1, and 5-2½ respectively. The race was won by six lengths; time, 8mins. 3¼secs.

Sydney, 13th August.

Seven horses fell in a hurdle race at Morefield, N.S.W. The jockey Dorrington was seriously injured.

The Heavy-Weight Championship.

Sydney, 13th August.

A hard fight between Albert Lloyd, 166½ lbs., and Jimmy Clabby, 161 lbs., at Sydney Stadium, for the heavy-weight championship of Australia, ended in a draw.

"A Cunning Trap."**Mr. Hughes' View of Stockholm.**

The following telegram has been received at the Colonial Office from Mr. Hughes, Prime Minister of Australia:—

"Am strongly of opinion that representation of Britain at the Stockholm Conference is most undesirable and calculated to hamper Allies in prosecution of the war and in deciding terms of peace. Impossible to reconcile representation Stockholm Conference with war aims of Britain as stated by Lloyd George.

"I regard this conference at which peace cranks of all countries, including Britain, and secret agents of Germany, masquerading as pacifists, and friends of Labour will be gathered together as a cunning trap set to catch loyal British Labour representatives and through them organized Labour now supporting the war.—HUGHES."

Australian Steamer Missing.

Melbourne, 13th August.

The Navy Office states that the Burns Philps steamer "Matunga," from Brisbane for Rabaul, sent out a wireless telegram on August 5th that she expected to arrive at Rabaul on August 7th. She has not since been heard of, and all search for her has proved fruitless.

The "Matunga" carried a crew of forty and several passengers.



Transport Officer: "Confound it, man! What are you doing? Don't tease the animals!"

(From "Punch.")

Yarns from "Sydney Bulletin."

An "Urger" and a "Guesser."

One of the sports who rolled up to enlist in the Sportsmen's Thousand in Melbourne described himself as an "urger and guesser." The definition puzzled the enlisting-officer, who requested further particulars. The would-be soldier thereupon explained that he was a racecourse "professional," who guessed probable winners and urged other people to back them. The recruit got through all right, but not on his turf credentials. He happened to be an expert sculler as well as a guesser and urger.—"Yarra Ben."



Got Them Again.

The Happy Warrior (noticing numerous reflections of himself in the barber's mirrors): "Struth! The blanky platoon has followed me in, and they're all potty!"

The Doctor and the "Cray Fish."

Dr. Florence, a Cootamundra (N.S.W.) medico, addressed a recruiting meeting at that town the other night, and got no response to his appeal. This is how he told the crayfish what he thought of them: "Well, be d—d to you! Stay where you are! If you get sick don't send for me to help you; go elsewhere, and be d—d to you." The doctor's wife, who was a Miss Pinkstone, has four brothers in khaki. Another is in a soldier's grave at Gallipoli. Her father is Fred Pinkstone, who ran the "Coota Herald" for many years.

Relieving Her Feelings.

At South Yarra station, Melbourne, one afternoon recently a small boy fell off the platform as a train ran in, and apparently went down under the wheels; but while the mother was putting up heartrending cries a porter came from the other side and deposited a whole boy on the asphalt. The kid had landed on his flat between the wheels, and was not even scratched. Mamma grabbed little Willie, she glared at him wildly, she gave him a shake-up that nearly dislocated his neck. "You little imp!" she cried. (Shake, shake.) "You little devil!" (Dust knocked out of him.) "Careless young wretch!" (Biff. Shake.) "I'll teach you—falling under trains and spoiling your clothes!"

Pen Pictures of the First Thousand Days.

BY 1057, CPL. C. TOWERS.

I.

Behold the scrubby ridges,
The rough uneven ground,—
A labyrinth of dug-outs
And trenches winding round—
With constant boom of gunfire,
The screech of "beachy Bill,"
With the navy's shells just sweeping
The summit of the hill,
And here and there a wooden cross
Where some brave soldier lies—
A memory the Australian
Will preserve until he dies:

ANZAC!

II.

In a sandy barren country,
In a god-forsaken spot,
With the musty smell of camels
And a sun that's blazing hot,
Infested with mosquitoes,
And pestered with black flies—
A night-mare the Australian
Will remember till he dies:

EGYPT!

III.

In cool, green, shady meadows,
In fields of corn and wheat,
And ornamental gardens
Where nature's smile is sweet,
Where flowers bloom from hedges,
And birds sing all day long,
And you drink your fill of perfume
As you listen to their song,
Away from daily troubles,
From turmoil and from strife—
A picture the Australian
Will remember all his life:

SOUTH FRANCE!

A Woman's Record Sprint.

Bessie Grandmange, one of the Botany family of sprinters, fled over 220 yds. on Saturday before the watch had got beyond 29 $\frac{3}{4}$ sec., thus chipping a tick off the best time previously registered by a woman. But Bessie didn't do this in a pair of gaudy high-heeled boots and with a lot of wild animal's skin hung round her neck, nor was she tied up in corsets or wearing a collection of vegetables and poultry skewered on

top of her head. She wore her brother's spiked shoes and a sprinter's garment, all of which, of course, detracts from the merit of an otherwise remarkable performance. What we yearn to hear about is the sample of the feminine gender who in ordinary marching kit can run 220 yards in less than 30 minutes without fainting in the first lap, and demanding to know if her blouse fits at the neck.

A Tobacco Tip.

Got one of the pleasures of my life when leaving Gallipoli, a Jack Tar gave me a fill of navy tobacco. He was supplied with 1lb. of leaf in Home waters, and 2lb. when out of Home waters. The leaf, with stalks removed, is slightly damped with cold tea and placed one upon another; then they are enclosed in a cloth, rolled compactly into a cigar-shaped bundle and bound tightly with yarn. In a few days the twist is ready for choking strangers. Of



Another Hun Outrage.

"Bill's got the spike with you proper. Why didn't you cable him that tenner?"
"I did cable it! One o' them submarines must have got it."

course, the borrower is told that plenty of rum has been put on the leaf; but the sailor only knows one way of using rum, and tobacco doesn't enter into it.—"Lahma."

Useful "Pests."

We are slowly awakening to the fact that many pests have their uses. Lantana, one of the sorrows of the man on the land, can be turned into paper, as also can Chinese burr, blady grass, Scotch thistle and Paddy's lucerne (*Sida retusa*). The last-named has long since formed the basis of a popular remedy for scours in stock. Prickly pear has proved a god-send to many cattlemen in droughts, and a decoction of the leaves is the finest thing on earth for whooping cough.

Nieuport.

Australian Guns in the Fight. How the Tunnellers Escaped.

By C. E. W. BEAN.

British Headquarters, France,
July 30th.

It is hardly possible to fight a battle in the North of France or Flanders these days without some Australian unit being in it; and some Canadians and New Zealanders and South Africans, too, as often as not. And although Nieuport was not an Australian battle, there were Australians there—Australian guns and tunnellers—just as there have been British units in almost every peculiarly Australian fight.

The place is a long strip of sandy hummocks between the Flanders flats and the sea. The sandhills form a border or edging to the land about a mile in width. The white sand is piebald with ragged green tufts of grass. Through this narrow band of tumbled country is cut the mouth of the River Yser. Inside is the patchwork green of Flanders and outside is the sea, and there is about as much cover on one as on the other. The Germans hide their guns by lighting smoke-fires on the plain, and we do the same. And that is about the only cover that exists.

The Belgians held the Yser, and they long ago flooded sections of the country on the far side of the river just inside the dunes. But, of course, the dunes were too high to be flooded; and a short way inside the mouth of the Yser was a sector of country on both sides of the river which also was uncovered by the flood. For this reason, I suppose, on that dry sector on the southern bank of the river was built Nieuport; and almost opposite it, but a mile across the country on the far side of the river, and rather nearer to the dunes, was the village of Lombartzyde.

On July 10.

The sector handed over to the British this summer ran along the far side of the Yser River from the inundation on the right to the sea on the left. It passed immediately on this side of Lombartzyde and over the sandhills to the sea, enclosing a little square of country and the river in its rear. Several military and other bridges led across to this patch.

The artillery fire from both sides had been growing heavier in this sector, when, on July 10th, at about 6 o'clock in the morning, the Germans started a definite bombardment. Four hours later this became intense, and until 1 o'clock this intensity continued. The bridges across the Yser from the dunes on one side to the dunes on the other

appear to have been heavily shelled, but not completely broken, by 1 o'clock, when the fire eased a good deal. This lull only lasted for a quarter of an hour, when the bombardment descended again like a whirlwind. The north shore of the Yser by the dunes was simply a cauldron of boiling black smoke, with occasional wreaths of white and brown and grey, through which nothing could be seen.

Australian Gunners.

To those on the southern side it was clear that the German attacked about half-past 6 in the evening. At that hour the intensity of the bombardment was at its greatest. Those were the only signs by which such Australian tunnellers as happened to be on the south side of the river could guess what was going on on the northern bank. The German searched all open places with shell-fire, so that movement near the line was most dangerous. He searched every corner of the background for guns. And amongst those which he found was a battery of Australian artillery.

They were Australian regulars. The Germans got on to them in the morning, and all day long fired at them with very heavy shell. He drenched them hour after hour, but he could not smother their fire. An English artillery officer who watched them was full of generous praise. "When," he said, "one would have imagined the men dazed and exhausted by the work and the punishment they were getting, a heavy German shell fell close by without exploding, and they still had breath and spirits to cheer."

The Tunneller's Work.

It was at night, after the battle had eased, that men and news began to trickle back from the northern shore. Some Australian tunnellers had been working in the ground which the Germans had attacked—a regimental headquarters and some dug-outs. In these, when the bombardment was at its height, a considerable number of infantry found shelter, and the tunnellers were amongst them. The Germans, when they attacked, did not push on in strength to the land near the river, but contented themselves with sending patrols along the beach while the main body of the attack dug in about three hundred yards further back amongst the sandhills. After dusk the men in the shelters, seeing that there was no counter-attack in view and that

the bridges were demolished, were ordered to make the best of their escape across the river. It was then that several very brave actions occurred.

A sapper of the tunnellers had been with some British infantrymen in one of the dug-outs when the German attack moved over the ground above them. The Germans threw a bomb down the entrance, which killed one man and severely tore the tunneller's hands. Another German squirted the jet of a flammenwerfer down the stair and burnt him seriously. The German passed on and was killed at the canal bank by a fragment of one of the shells of his own field-guns. The Australian managed to get out, and was attended to by the British in another dug-out, where he was put on to a stretcher to wait for the opportunity of removal. Shortly afterwards, however, a party of Germans was seen working round from the beach towards the place, and as there was no hope of counter-attack in sight, the order was given that every man should do his best to escape. The situation was explained to the Australian by two officers who were present. It was left to him to do what he preferred. To their surprise he got up from his stretcher and walked to the river. The remains of a battered bridge still swung halfway across the stream and from this the men were swimming. The wounded man walked down the bridge, jumped in and swam across. When he reached the further bank he looked back and saw a British infantryman struggling in the stream. He went in again at once, swam out and brought the man ashore, and then was pulled out himself, fainting.

Taking a Rope.

Another tunneller when he crossed the canal took a rope with him, by which many men, who were unable to swim, afterwards crossed. As the rope was too slack for some of them to keep themselves above water, a third sapper stayed on the far side and held it taut until the last man had gone, when he himself swam over. A fourth is spoken of as having done great work amongst the men in the shelter. He reconnoitred to find out where the Germans were. But when the survivors came away he was not with them, and his fate is unknown.

This is, of course, only a part of the fine work by men of all units, English and Australian, which resulted in a fair proportion of those on the far side getting back. While some of them were crossing the German aeroplanes were flying low up the river and firing on them with machine-guns. Of the tunnellers who were working in the forward positions all are missing.

The Guns at Ypres.

Scene for a Nation's Picture. Attacked by Everything except Submarines.

By C. E. W. BEAN.

British Headquarters, France,
August 5th.

"That's clockwork," said the battery major, as he looked round. The end of the first exhausting task had come. It was the moment to limber up and move to a forward position behind the infantry. The last round was fired. The whistle went. And there, waiting quietly under the remains of certain battered hedges, were the teams, arrived a few moments before from their lines far in the rear, where day after day they had waited for this instant.

Ten minutes later the batteries were all drawn up waiting the word. The same battery major was standing with the commander of the neighbouring brigade. "We are waiting for your guns now, Colonel," he said; "I hope my fellows will be up to time," muttered the Colonel, looking at his watch. The major looked up. "Here they come," he said.

Over the brow of the hill were coming the horses of the leading team. They filed past the waiting batteries of the other brigade—never did batteries look better than these Australian units in the thick of this latest great Battle of Flanders. The waiting batteries fell into line behind them, and the column wound its way over the misty lowlands towards positions where for nearly three long years the green flats had been gradually torn into crater-fields, and where through all that time until this morning no man or body of men had dared to move openly.

There was fighting still on some of the low ridges far to the flank. In one or two places on the journey the column could have been seen by Germans on very distant hills. But those Germans had fifty things more urgent to think about. The morning was foggy. A few small shells fell around the route. But it is doubtful if they were more than a blind, scattered barrage. So far everything was going perfectly smoothly and normally.

First Hint of Trouble.

Far ahead, over the last rise on the route, where the battery commanders were out on the shattered country selecting the exact position where each battery as it arrived should go, there was some hint that matters would not always proceed so smoothly. The country was full of movement. Infantry columns advancing; lines of men moving up the further ridge; tanks crawling on their bellies in the mud; parties of German

prisoners coming back. Occasionally streams of machine-gun bullets whistled past. One group of infantrymen appeared to take cover from them behind shell craters. In passing those men the reconnoitring artillery officers found that they were not sheltering. They were dead. Evidently there were German machine-guns still unsuppressed somewhere in the landscape which were turning from one group of men to another. Two artillery officers watched the scene from a trench, when one of them fell across his friend with a bullet through his head. Presently, into that somewhat awkward situation, over the crest of the ridge behind came the leading team of the Australian guns.

Now, it was clear that something in this part had temporarily held up the programme. The Germans somewhere held a point from which they could see that column pass the crest. At once the lighter German shell began to fall around them. Far out with the infantry the artillery's own forward observing officer, looking back at that moment, saw the column coming over the slope—just as the Germans must have seen it—and saw that barrage begin to fall. As the information of it spread round among the German batteries concerned, one after another switched its fire on to that point, until the shells fell around them as fast as one could throw tennis balls from a basket. Away on the flank the barrage was beginning to fall also on certain British batteries.

Into the Barrage.

The barrage was there, and they simply had to go into it, which they did without an instant's hesitation. The column for the first time broke into a trot. The drivers of the leading batteries, getting well ahead towards their positions, flogged their sweating horses into and out of and between and over shell-holes, driving as they have never driven before, almost lifting their horses by their exertions. Battery after battery found its exact site, downed trails. The ammunition was dumped—the limbers cleared back over the ridge.

One battery near the crest struck trouble. One of its guns sidled into a shell-hole, and no amount of flogging and driving could for the moment clear it. The team behind it was waiting, when a five-point-nine high explosive shell plunged fair into its midst and burst, killing or wounding every horse. Some Australian artist will yet paint the battle picture as it stood at that

moment. The batteries in the lower ground ahead, steadily firing up the ragged slope to the horizon; a battery in the foreground working its guns amidst the splash of frequent black bursts. And the little rise in the middle with the horses and men of the gun-teams lying around it, and the two guns waterlogged in the broken ground, exactly as you see them in the pictures of the old-time battles.

The Aeroplanes.

The limbers were just clear away to the rear, and the guns had picked up their task and were working steadily ahead with it, with shells falling thickly around, and the air full of whirring fragments, when there was the burr of a motor overhead, and, looking up, they saw an aeroplane wheeling beneath the low cloud not six hundred feet above. It had black German crosses painted beneath its planes. As it wheeled over the batteries they could clearly see the airman. "Should know him again if I met him in Kaiser Wilhelm Strasse," as one of them said—and see the bombs as one after another, five or six of them, dropped from the machine. They exploded harmlessly. Other aeroplanes were most of the day flying and wheeling overhead—so many machines and so cramped beneath the cloud that their attention seemed to be occupied with endless wheeling, like that of a flight of great birds, to avoid colliding with each other. The planes could scarcely tell English from German; most of them were English, but during the day six times some German aeroplane in that collection came swooping over the batteries firing its machine-gun at the gun crews, who were shooting back with a couple of salvaged machine-guns and some rifles picked from the trenches. "They came at us with everything but submarines," as one officer said afterwards.

They fought all through the day exactly as though there had not been a shell within the landscape—played their part in the big game, and kept their place precisely as did the more fortunate batteries elsewhere. The long bombardment of a week or more, ending with this furious day's work, had taken its toll. One officer who was killed early was an old hand from Anzac. He had been a medical orderly in the old third brigade there; and when two detachments of the old 7th Battery had been wiped out by the Turkish fire, he quietly walked up to the guns and asked to be transferred and taken on as gunner. He died as he would have wished—with his battery in action in one of the greatest battles of history.

GENERAL AUSTRALIAN NEWS



The Irresistible Appeal.

At Tamworth (N.S.W.) on Anzac Day, 18 smart girls, attractively habited, each leading a spare horse, saddled, called on the young men of the district to enlist now. All the saddles were filled immediately.

Lutheran Schools.

The Government of South Australia will take over the forty-nine Lutheran schools known to be in the State from the end of June. The idea is to prevent, as far as possible, the germanisation of the Australian-born progeny of German or partly German parents.

After Lone Pine.

In an action for breach of promise tried in Melbourne the defendant, a returned soldier, said his feelings towards the girl changed after the battle of Lone Pine. He remained lonely, but didn't pine for her.

Mr. J. F. Hill, who died in Orange (N.S.W.) in May last, at 82 years, was one of the foundation members of the M.U.I.O.O.F., established in Vic over 60 years ago. He was a Mason of long standing.

Whisky Short.

On the reports from the inner circles of the trade, it is apparent there is a whisky shortage in the Commonwealth, which may make for a smaller consumption of the beverage. The gods are with the temperancers.

Holidays to Count.

In an appeal to the Full Arbitration Court of Queensland, against the decision of a Maryborough magistrate that an employer could deduct the pay of a man not working on St. Patrick's Day, the ruling was that in a week in which a holiday occurs full time must be paid.

Sunday Work.

The Acting-Premier of N.S.W. says the Government of the State is not inclined to Sunday labour, but when the necessity for a Sabbath meeting of Cabinet arises the same will be held—even on Sunday.

Westralia's Gold Production.

Westralia's mineral production other than gold for the first quarter of this year was worth approximately £61,879. Copper, tin, coal and lead accounted for nearly the whole of it. Total production to date is valued at £4,171,576, of which more than one-half is represented by copper and tin, with silver-lead ore a good third and coal close up.

To Our Readers.

The Editor is prepared to receive, and to print if suitable, voluntary contributions from members of the A.I.F. He cannot, however, undertake to return unused manuscripts.

Praise Indeed.

Asked what they thought of the Australians, some of the German prisoners taken at Bullecourt said: "They are equal to us." On form, they were—and a trifle superior, as the prisoner list showed.

A Big Shortage.

In the course of proceedings which resulted in the removal of the name of F. M. Alcock, a barrister of West Australia, from the rolls, it was stated that particulars in his bankruptcy showed liabilities of £42,000, and assets, largely fictitious, at £4,000.

Capital Punishment in N.S.W. An Unsuccessful Plea.

A deputation from the State Labour Party waited upon the Acting Premier (Mr. Fuller) to protest against the infliction of the death penalty upon James Wilson, a member of the I.W.W., who was convicted of the murder of a Greek restaurant keeper named Gappageorgi. The deputation also urged the abolition of capital punishment.

The Cabinet decided that the law should take its course and Wilson be hanged.

Replacing Soldiers' Uniforms.

Senator Lynch has received the following communication, dated May 14, from the Department of Defence, Melbourne:—

"With reference to your communication of 16th ult., forwarding a complaint relative to the non-issue of military clothing, I am directed to inform you the official instructions in respect to issues of uniforms in France provide that all men shall be inspected before being allowed to proceed to England, and that any worn-out or dirty uniforms shall be replaced with clean, serviceable garments. The instructions in respect to issues of uniforms to troops leaving hospitals in England provide that each man shall be issued with the following articles, viz.:—Boots, 1 pair; braces, 1 pair; drawers,

1 pair; greatcoat, 1; hats (Australian pattern), 1; jackets, service, dress (Australian pattern), 1; trousers, service, dress (Australian pattern), 1; shirt, 1; socks, 1 pair; waistcoat, cardigan, 1. Several complaints in respect to troops having been charged for uniforms issued in England have been investigated recently, and it has been ascertained from the authorities abroad that great difficulty has been experienced in inducing men to parade for uniform inspection before leaving France for England. It therefore became necessary, in order to prevent issues being made in both places, to supply uniforms in England, the amount of cost being debited in the men's pay books. Commanding officers are empowered to cancel any indebtedness thus incurred if on the return of the man to his unit it is found that the clothing supplied has been due or nearly due as an official issue."

Gold Find at Dark Corner.

The absence of exciting news from the vicinity of the sensational gold find at Dark Corner (N.S.W.) for some time has led many sceptics to conclude that the show has petered out, blown up, evaporated, or something of the sort. Such conjectures, however, are wrong; the show being, for reasons best known to the finder and the person who obtained an option over it, very much in the same condition as when innumerable people dashed to the locality in motor-cars and other conveyances and pegged out leases over a large tract of country.

Poultry Farms for Soldiers in West Australia.

It will be learnt with interest that a satisfactory termination of the position in connection with the Osborne Park poultry farming scheme for returned soldiers has been reached. The position now is that if returned soldiers desired to take up poultry farming, the land was available, and it only needed the men who wished to embark in the poultry-raising industry to come forward. The Lands Department having provided the land, it now came within the province of the Industries Department to carry out the necessary improvements and prepare the holding for the settlers to take up.

Trans-Australian Railway.

The Minister for Works and Railways (Mr. Watt) announced that he wanted between 200 and 300 navvies for

the Kalgoorlie to Port Augusta railway. The Minister added that when the Norton-Griffith contract works were closed down in New South Wales, the Minister for Labour and Industry (Mr. Beeby) had been much concerned about the men being thrown out of work. He had telegraphed to Mr. Beeby stating that he could absorb a considerable number of these men on the trans-Australian line, but Mr. Beeby had replied subsequently that all the men had already been absorbed in other directions. This he regarded as indicating that there was very little unemployment in New South Wales.

A Disloyal Utterance. Exemplary Sentence Imposed.

At the Kalgoorlie Police Court, Thomas Barnard was charged with having, at Ora Banda, on April 26th, made statements likely to cause disaffection. It was alleged that the accused said "Australia would be better under German than British rule, and the Prince of Wales is a dirty little German." The charge was supported by two witnesses. The accused said he had been ill for some time, and on the day in question had been drinking heavily. He had no recollection of expressing disloyal sentiments. If the military authorities would have accepted him, he would have been at the front. The accused was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

Serious Motor Accident.

As the result of a serious motor accident in Nicholson Street, Carlton, Melbourne, on May 30th, a discharged returned soldier was killed and two members of the A.I.F. were severely injured. The names of the victims are as follow:—Ex-Corporal Patrick Whybrow, McLeod Military Sanatorium, killed; Sergeant Ormond Crawford, severe shock and abrasions; Private Walter Thomas King, severe shock and abrasions. Crawford, who was driving, saw a dog standing on the tramline. He endeavoured to avoid the dog, but failed to do so. Eye-witnesses state that the car was travelling at a high rate of speed, and the sudden check caused the car to turn completely over.

Hotel Bars at Australian Ports. Arrangements for Closing.

Instructions have been issued to district commandants in Australia to act under the powers conferred upon them by amended War Precautions Regulations, and to order the closing at Australian ports of licensed premises for the sale of intoxicating liquor, within such areas, and for such periods, as may be considered necessary on the arrival of hospital ships or transports from abroad, or the departure of transports, wheat ships, etc., from Australia. On the arrival of hospital ships returning to Australia, or transports conveying over 100 returned soldiers, at Fre-

mantle, or Albany, hotels will, when shore leave is given to the troops, be closed for the sale of intoxicants during the period of the stay of such ships in port. At other ports, the area within which the hotels will be closed, will be decided by the district commandants concerned. Hotels may, similarly, be closed at the discretion of the district commandant, when troops on their way to the front have been over seven days on board, and are given leave at any port of call in Australia.

Restoration From Shell Shock.

One of the most unhappy phenomena of the present war is that form of nerve-weakness, or neurasthenia, known as shell-shock. It is the result of a depletion of nervous energy to a point of extreme exhaustion, so that more than ordinary measures are required for restoration to the normal condition. Rest is imperative, but the process may be accelerated by a good nerve tonic. In this respect many medical officers have found Sanatogen highly beneficial. This preparation, which was formerly a German monopoly, is now the sole property of an all-British company, Genatosan, Limited, of 12, Chenies Street, London, W.C. 1, which has its manufactory at Penzance, Cornwall, and branches in Australia, Canada, etc. We understand that the product is in future to be named Genatosan to distinguish it from other and possibly inferior preparations.



Following on the new steps taken by the War Office to use more women for the Army, a draft of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps left Aldershot a few days ago for France.

Telegraph Leakage.**The Prime Minister's Telegrams.**

The publication recently by Mr. Anstey, M.P., of a decoded telegram which passed between the Prime Minister, the Premier of Tasmania (Mr. Lee) and other persons at the time of Senator Ready's resignation caused consternation among the postal authorities, and a searching inquiry was made in the Post Office for the purpose of discovering how this serious breach of the regulations arose. The Postmaster-General was advised of the publication, and issued instructions that the matter be thoroughly investigated, as such publication could only have been effected "by disloyalty of some officers of the Postal service." The Minister stated that he regarded the position as being alarming, and the purpose of the offender one of treachery to the Government and people. The divulgence of telegrams might involve the ruin of individuals and the safety of the nation. The Postal department has its own detectives, who were at work on the case when the last mail left Australia.—"Melbourne Age."

Shipbuilding in Australia.

Steps have been taken by the Prime Minister (Mr. Hughes) to call a conference of the unions interested, to consider the question of shipbuilding in Australia. It is pointed out that, as a result of the submarine campaign, the tonnage necessary to carry the Australian productions essential to feed the army and people of Great Britain is being so seriously reduced as to make the question of shipbuilding imperative and urgent. The Government is satisfied that the material necessary can be obtained in Australia, but it is of opinion that it would be futile to incur the expenditure of the great sums of money involved, unless it is assured of the hearty and enthusiastic co-operation of the labour organisations concerned.

Officer Acquitted.

Lieutenant-Colonel Leonard Long, of the Fourth Australian Light Horse, was placed on his trial before a court-martial at the Victoria Barracks, Melbourne, on May 30th, on a charge of having been drunk on board a transport at Fremantle, which had returned soldiers on board. He pleaded not guilty. It was alleged for the prosecution that Lieutenant-Colonel Long was on the deck under the influence of liquor, and had to be taken by another officer to a cabin. Captain-Surgeon D. G. M. Teague, of the 3rd Australian Military Hospital, describing the conduct of the accused officer, said that in a military sense the accused was sober.

THE AUSTRALIAN RED CROSS.**Care of Prisoners of War.**

In his report for July, the Commissioner of the Red Cross in London states that there are now 2,641 Australian prisoners on their lists. For these men, food, clothing and other necessaries, which are either not supplied at all by the German authorities or only supplied in insufficient quantities, are sent in parcels regularly by the Red Cross, and the letters of thanks from the men themselves show how greatly they appreciate the service. During July, 16,116 parcels of foodstuffs and 1,063 of clothing were despatched. The delivery is generally good, the packages in some cases having reached their destinations in the remarkably short time of four weeks.

The majority of our prisoners are in Germany, but those in Turkey are not forgotten. Owing to the uncertainty of postal arrangements in Turkey, fortnightly remittances of 10s. are still being sent in lieu of parcels, though the Red Cross has been recently notified that parcels may again be sent. So far as can be learned the treatment of our prisoners in the regular prisoners' camps in the interior of Germany is generally satisfactory. Unfortunately, the same cannot be said of the camps situated behind the lines. It is hoped that the recent Anglo-German conference on prisoners' welfare will lead to a speedy improvement.

THE INQUIRY BUREAU.

The Missing and Wounded Inquiry Bureau was called upon to answer 3,571 cabled inquiries from Australia during July, and was able to send 3,926 cable bulletins giving news to anxious relatives and friends in the Commonwealth. In addition to these, Australian postal inquiries numbered 407, while local and French inquiries totalled 1,150, to which 1,361 letters were sent in reply. Reports received from searchers of the Australian and British Red Cross Socie-

ties in England and France numbered during July 2,626.

A mother writes:—"I feel that I cannot thank you enough for your goodness in finding the whereabouts of my son. The load it has lifted off my mind! Because the suspense of not knowing what had happened to him was wearing me out. The happiness to know that he is still alive is great."

As showing that some Australian soldiers appear to be carrying the principle of Franco-British alliance into their personal lives, the following letter from the French fiancée of one of them is of interest:—"I am infinitely obliged to you for the information you have sent me concerning my fiancée. Believe me, madam, I sincerely appreciate your kindness and help. I shall never forget it. When I have the honour to become an Australian woman I will do all that is possible to love your country as well as my own."

GENERAL WORK OF THE SOCIETY.

Dealing with the general work of the Red Cross Headquarters in London, the Commissioner states that the number of packages handled in July reached the large total of 22,749, of which 15,542 were despatched.

The Entertainment Committee of the Australian Red Cross were able to provide outings and other forms of amusement for 2,115 sick and convalescent soldiers.

THE RED CROSS IN FRANCE.

The report from France for July indicates the fact that the month was not a particularly busy one so far as the A.I.F. was concerned. Men in Hospital and Convalescent Camps were well looked after, and all preparations made to meet future calls. At the chief Red Cross Dépôt in France, 1,364 packages of stores were received and 1,333 despatched to various centres.

The Court: Do you mean that if he were not in uniform you would consider that he was drunk?

Witness: No, he was mellow. When I say, "in a military sense," I mean that if he were before a civil Court his case would be considered as one of drunkenness, as he was under the influence of liquor. I mean that he was capable of carrying out his military duties.

A verdict of not guilty was given.

Notices of New Books.

Mr. E. C. Buley has followed his

book, "Glorious Deeds of the Australians," which dealt chiefly with Gallipoli, by "A Child's History of Anzac" (Hodder & Stoughton). The memorable story is set forth appropriately for its purpose, and is illustrated by a few photographic blocks. Its attractiveness would have been enhanced by a greater number of these, and we think it a pity that the author's interpretation of what "Anzac" means allows him to apply the word as a name for the Australians and New Zealanders who fought at Anzac Cove. This will tend to mar the popularity of the book among the men of Anzac themselves.

Prisoners of War Agreement.**Some New Points.**

The text of the Agreement signed at the Hague between the British and German Governments concerning combatant and civilian prisoners of war has been published as a White Paper. The principal provisions of the Agreement were outlined in the House of Commons on July 28th by Mr. J. F. Hope, and subsequently Lord Newton, one of the British delegates, explained its provisions at greater length in the House of Lords.

Among points not fully covered in these explanations the Agreement shows that the internments arranged in Holland and the complementary internments in Switzerland are to be effected during this and next month (August and September). All tuberculous prisoners interned in Switzerland who are practically cured shall be repatriated after examination. Prisoners of war who have been at least 18 months in captivity and are suffering from "barbed-wire disease" shall in future be recognized as suitable for internment in Switzerland or other neutral country. The decision as to whether prisoners severely wounded or seriously ill at present in Switzerland shall be repatriated will rest with Swiss doctors, unless the nationals of one side designated for repatriation shall exceed by 20 per cent. or more the nationals of the other. "In that case the method of examination shall be as at present," pending "the new and more lenient schedules of disabilities" which are to be drawn up. Prisoners repatriated in pursuance of these arrangements "shall not be employed on any front of military operations, or on the lines of communication, or within occupied territory."

Doctors to be Repatriated.

It is agreed that all members of the German and British medical *personnel* still in enemy hands shall be repatriated "as soon as may be." The British Government further undertakes to permit the return to Germany of the medical *personnel* belonging to the garrison of Tsing-tau, and now in the United States, if the Government of the United States will allow their departure.

Annexes to the Agreement.

There are various annexes to the Agreement. One declares that the delegates will recommend "benevolent consideration" to the question of further repatriation of civilians and their further internment in neutral countries, "especially in the cases of those detained in tropical climates or under other unfavourable conditions."

Punishments.

The agreement regarding remission of punishments has been stated both by Mr. Hope and Lord Newton. A declaration made by the British delegates, printed in Annexe 5 and dated June 28, says:—"The British delegates assume that all idea which the German delegates may have had that prisoners of war, whether combatant or civilian, who attempt to escape are subjected to additional penalties by reason of

their falling into the hands of the civil power, has been removed by the explanation given on the subject at the meeting of June 26." In a reply to this statement the German delegates wrote:—"As far as concerns the punishment of German prisoners of war who have endeavoured to escape, the German delegates have no hesitation, after the explanation given by the British delegates at the sitting of June 26, in confirming that the supposition expressed at the end of the declaration of June 28 is correct."

CRICKET.**Indians v. Australians at Lord's.**

The Indian Gymkhana side, though really strong in batting, made rather a poor show at Lord's, on Saturday. They had to meet Matthews on a pitch that favoured his bowling, and M. P. Bajana was the only batsman who had any success at all. If some of the fine, free batsmen on the side had only gone for the bowling at any risk, instead of attempting to play themselves in, a much better score might have been made. But Matthews made the ball talk, and the Australian fielding was very keen. The Australians had won with only three wickets down; both W. Sewart and C. B. Willis played a good solid innings. There was a shower of rain, however, which altered the pace of the pitch, and then R. J. Tata bowled irresistibly and finished off the innings in fine style. The scores were as follows:—

India.—C. H. Gunasekara, c Taylor, b Matthews, 6; Cadet K. S. Hamatsinhji, c Barbour, b McAndrew, 6; P. Saravanamuttu, b Matthews, 6; M. P. Bajana, c Williams, b McAndrew, 16; P. Subbarrayam, c McAndrew, b Matthews, 0; A. C. Wijayarathne, b Docker, 6; K. S. Pratapsinhji, b Matthews, 0; G. W. Karunaratne, c and b Matthews, 1; J. L. Kotelawala, b Matthews, 6; E. D. Carolis, not out, 0; R. J. Tata, b Matthews, 0; extras, 10; total, 57.

Australia.—Lt. C. Kelleway, b Gunasekara, 2; Capt. E. P. Barbour, b Gunasekara, 2; Lce.-Cpl. W. Sewart, b Tata, 33; Gunner J. Taylor, b Tata, 7; Gunner A. W. Lampard, b Gunasekara, 18; Sergt. C. B. Willis, b Gunasekara, 31; Sergt. W. Stirling, b Tata, 0; Pte. T. J. Matthews, b Gunasekara, 0; Lt. C. T. Docker, c Bajana, b Tata, 0; Cpl. G. B. Inkster, b Tata, 0; Pte. W.

McAndrew, 0; extras, 12; total, 105.

India batted a second time, and lost four wickets for 22 runs.

The proceeds of the match were in aid of the widows and orphans of the firemen of both services.

An Australian on Salonica.

Cairo is cosmopolitan, but compared with Salonica it is as exclusive as an Orangeman's lodge. I think every nation of the earth is represented there and a few that have been left over from prehistoric times. It is nominally a Greek town, but the natives are a cross between the Turk, Bulgar and the Arab, who speak a jargon known as Mediterranean Greek. Any old language is sure of a hearing, though.

The peasants are the original advocates of daylight saving. They don't even take off their clothes. They can't as the rags are mostly tied on in a manner suggestive of a Jack Tar's best effort to secure Houdini, the handcuff king.

The women, on the other hand, are a cleanly-looking lot—*cleanly*, and that lets them out. When I look at the men I feel sorry for the women. When I look at the women I cease to wonder why the men never bother to take their clothes off.

But there are several kinds of peasantry. There are the Highlanders, or Albanians, for instance, who wear snow-white tights and the shortest of short ballet skirts; net skull caps with a big tassel, white shoes turned up at the toes and decorated with a big pom-pom. The rest of them is mostly a great assortment of knives, pistols and such like cutlery for keeping the wolf from the door. Then there is a kind of police force—smart-looking bucks in black top boots and black riding breeches, zouave jackets and pill-box hats. The one thing that spoils their appearance is, once more, the seat of their breeches. It hangs down to the backs of their knees and is used as a receptacle for parcels. This spoils their martial appearance. No man can look a hero with his lunch and a bottle of beer in the seat of his breeches.—"Sydney Bulletin."

Overseas Club Map and Guide.

The Overseas Club, General Buildings, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2, have produced a new map of London, specially designed for the use of troops from overseas. It tells them how to find the places they want most, what to see while in London, and where they will find a welcome. Copies free on application to the Club.





By Appt. to
H. M. the King.

THE WAR COAT SUPREME

THE Boche may thank his lucky stars for the bad weather that has time and again saved him in this wettest of wars. And the war-wise Thresher-wearer is equally thankful for the coat that has protected him against weather conditions of appalling severity—kept him ever in full fighting fettle—dry, fresh and comfortable.

Inside a Thresher you're dry because it's a stark impossibility for wet to get through the special 'Melcam' inter-lining; you're fresh because the ventilation of the coat is a triumph of scientific tailoring; and you're comfortable because of the cunning cut which gives you full freedom without the slightest bagginess. Look at the sketch and you'll admit the Thresher's a good-looking garment.

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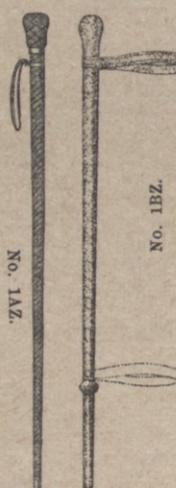


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No. 43 FZ.—Fly Whisks, covered pigskin, with white, black or red hair, leather wrist loop ...	1	5	0
Ditto, ditto, loaded butt ...	1	18	0
No. 43Z.—Ditto, ash or cane, with white or black hair ...	0	13	6
WATER BOTTLES, nickel silver plated inside, non-corrosive, screw top, rounded front, flat back, covered khaki cloth, 1½ pints ...	1	3	6
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ROLL OF HONOUR.

Casualties in the Australian Imperial Force.

LIST 145, DATED JULY 21, 1917.

The following casualties in the Australian Imperial Force are reported under various dates:—

Previously reported missing, now reported not missing.

INFANTRY.—Chaseling, 6048, C. S.; Teague, 1830, J. J.

Previously reported prisoners of war, now reported wounded and prisoners of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Abbott, 2750, A. J.; Atkinson, 5654, C. A.; Ford, 4174, R. A.; Harveyson, 2609, C. A.; Hutchings, 5733, B. G.; Jacob, 2197, G. C.; McMullen, 3237a, E.; MacNab, 2452, A. G.; Mears, 3485, A.; Naley, 1310, C. G.; Nyblom, 1891, F. A.; Wynne, 2719, W.

Previously reported wounded, now reported prisoners of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Broad, 5987, H. S.; Perrett, 6008, A. H.

Previously reported wounded and prisoner of war, now reported died as prisoner of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Croston, 2788, W. H. P.

PRISONERS OF WAR IN GERMAN HANDS.

INFANTRY.—Mead, 91, J.; Davies, 2685, A. R.

LIST 146, DATED JULY 23, 1917.

The following casualties in the Australian Imperial Force are reported under various dates:—

Officer—Previously reported missing, believed killed, now reported wounded and missing.

INFANTRY.—Garling, L. Lieut.

KILLED.

ENGINEERS.—Coleman, 517, W.
INFANTRY.—Bennett, 6225, A. V.; Bennion, 4257, E. E.; Besier, 4360, E. F.; Clarke, 5068, V. W.; Craig, 6968, F.; Hewitson, 5122, A.; Kruger, 6290, L. V.; McLennan, 1784, S.; O'Leary, 1154, D.; Wilson, 782a, A.

PIONEER BATTALION.—Herrod, 718, H. R.

Previously reported wounded, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Chree, 2054, H.; Dempsey, 2302, G. F.; Mars, 1698, T. McB.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

ARTILLERY.—Tonner, 20894, J. E.
INFANTRY.—Brumley, 2297, D. R.; Clark, 405, C. J.; Davie, 6490, G. W. L.; McCreadie, 6320, J.; Wallace, 3236, W. C.

Previously reported wounded, now reported died of wounds.

ARTILLERY.—Campbell, 1260, S. A.

INFANTRY.—Campbell, 264, S. J.

DIED.

ARTILLERY.—Griffin, 1317, A.
INFANTRY.—Marshall, 3275, G.; Smith, 5196, B.; Todd, 2881, C.

WOUNDED.

LIGHT HORSE REGIMENT.—Smith, 482, G. J.
ARTILLERY.—McIntosh, 22956, A. J.
ENGINEERS.—Allan, 473, J. W.; Park, 3561a, J. W.; Rymer, 4111, L. C.

INFANTRY.—Allison, 3687, F.; Batchelor, 2562, F. W.; Brown, 2867, H. G.; Cairns, 1721, C.; Channon, 4176, P. T.; Chivers, 2397, G. A.; Clarke, 1437, F. H.; Coates, 1312, W.; Cushman, 2578, D. B.; Dean, 7227, A. J.; Draper, 6963, L.; Ford, 4789, J.; Fuller, 1438, H. J.; Jones, 3805, D. C.; Lawrence, 539, H.; McArthur, 6817, W.; Maloney, 5093, G. H.; Moss, 6532, N. P.; Page, 210, J. R.; Phillips, 6546, T. J.; Row, 4895, R. R.; Smedley, 1994a, L. T.; Thomas, 6868, H.; Walker, 4934, J.; Williams, 2033, W.; Wilson, 2994, A.; Woods, 7073, W. E.

PIONEERS BATTALION.—Davies, 1317, M. D.

Previously reported wounded, now reported not wounded.

INFANTRY.—Fleming, 4417, W. J.; Larkin, 2346, W.

Previously reported missing, now reported wounded and prisoner of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Brading, 6238, W.

Previously reported prisoner of war, now reported wounded and prisoner of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Stewart, 5704, R. B.

PRISONER OF WAR IN GERMAN HANDS.

INFANTRY.—Seaman, 6328, D. E.

LIST 147, DATED JULY 24, 1917.

The following casualties in the Australian Imperial Force are reported under various dates:—

OFFICERS—KILLED.

INFANTRY.—Chapman, H. W., Lieut.; Cooper, A. E. H., Sec.-Lieut.

Officer—Previously reported wounded and missing, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Wickham, L. C., 2nd Lieut.

OFFICER—DIED OF WOUNDS.

ARMY SERVICE CORPS.—McHattie, D. G., Capt.

OFFICERS—WOUNDED.

ARTILLERY.—Leaper (M.C.), T. D., Lieut.
INFANTRY.—Lohan, P. F., Capt.; Part, G. O., Sec.-Lieut.; Wilkinson, G., Sec.-Lieut.

Officer—Previously reported missing, now reported wounded and prisoner of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Thomson, H. L., Sec.-Lieut.

KILLED.

ENGINEERS.—Grundell, 6011, P.; McCarthy, 836, J.; Nurse, 4174, A. E.

INFANTRY.—Asher, 2149, S.; Austin, 2, E. P.; Beattie, 229, J. C.; Bowman, 1782, V.; Brown, 719, R.; Butfield, 2038, B. V.; Clapham, 558, F. T.; Colgate, 398, J. J.; Cooper, 1427, F. W.; Cross, 1083, J.; Davies, 1094, G. H.; Edmonds, 2185, G. J. L.; Edwards, 1278, W.; Farrell, 2065, J. J.; Forbes, 2801, C. V.; Frizell, 1123, A. F.; Hester, 6027, A.; Hunt, 2333, W.; Johnson, 2857, H.; Macdonald, 1976, D. G.; McMaster, 1885, A.; McMurtie, 614, J.; Malmgren, 6534, F.; O'Leary, 1199, A. J.; Oliver, 2700, A. C.; Rielly, 6557, T.; Rossogsky, 1676, I. P.; Thomas, 1265, J. J.; Thompson, 196, W. S.; Travis, 2204, E.

PIONEER BATTALION.—Race, 1236, W.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Laver, 90, H. S.

Previously reported died of wounds, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Glenn, 1835a, C. J.; Morris, 1876b, C. B. H.

Previously reported missing, believed killed, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Clark, 3316, W. J.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

INFANTRY.—Cushman, 2578, D. B.; Lodge, 486, J. V.; Morris, 2193, J.; Pankhurst, 1946a, W. M.; Robertson, 1883, A. E.; Shill, 629, N. J.; Wynn, 911, J. T.

Previously reported wounded, now reported died of wounds.

ENGINEERS.—Cassin, 1300, W. F.

INFANTRY.—Moran, 240, L. V.

WOUNDED.

ARTILLERY.—Bradshaw, 383, H. G.; Clayton, 22116, J.; Doder, 20163, G. C.; Johns, 22139, R. G.; Mellor, 22090, K. J.; Peck, 19601, R.; Rickards, 22152, E. M.; Studors, 1672a, R. C.; Vereoe, 1061, R. L.; Wilkes, 19374, J.

ENGINEERS.—McLean, 4420, H.; Millikin, 14954, R. S.

INFANTRY.—Alchin, 2027, A. M.; Allan, 2, J.; Austin, 6490, W. C.; Baines, 3242, V. E.; Baker, 1792a, H.; Bayliss, 3017, B.; Beadsworth, 3412, J.; Bean, 3107, J. C.; Beeson, 815, A.; Birtley, 731, J.; Bone, 1873a, D.; Bowron, 2034, E. J.; Breakwell, 2281, G. M.; Briggs, 711, W. E.; Brookes, 707, J. E.; Bubbins, 728, T.; Bunyan, 2286, C.; Burgess, 1946, B.; Bushell, 12, A. H.; Carroll, 1804a, J.; Cavanagh, 217, T. S.; Chalkley, 2000, J. A.; Chick, 1075, G. H.; Coghill, 72, J.; Colley, 2071, R. W.; Coughlin, 1091, W. L.; Cunneen, 306a, J. A.; Curwen, 739, H. H.; Cushman, 6240, F.; Dale, 49, H.; Davis, 736, J.; Dillon, 2555, C. H.; Down, 3722, L. L.; Downes, 3054, H.; Dyer, 1811, G.; Ell, 1115, W. J.; Exon, 739, G. E.; Faint, 3205, J. A.; Fenwick, 2565, H. A.; Flack, 875, P.; Flanagan, 2783, H. L.; Gale, 2181, D. J.; Gill, 2161, T. H.; Golding, 2308, L. V.; Goodsir, 1125, H. C.; Guinney, 1659, J.; Hames, 1831, E.; Hampson, 2995, C. P.; Hanney, 444, J.; Hawtin, 889, C. E.; Hill, 1901, H.; Holm, 88, J. G.; Howarth, 4818, G.; Irving, 1411, K.; Jones, 1047, E. V.; Kimmorley, 2581, A. W.;

Kingston, 911, C. F.; Laundy, 1841, H. J.; Linton, 1863, J.; Lynch, 4645, J.; McCann, 506, G.; McCarthy, 340, T.; McCullough, 162, J. A.; McDarra, 6534, J. J.; McDonald, 1957, H. A.; Mann, 1878, H. B.; Mason, 1921, C. F.; Matthews, 1859, C. D.; Mitchell, 140, A. C.; Mitchell, 489, T. P.; Morgan, 6779, R.; Munro, 2199, W.; Neil, 1705, W.; Newton, 1463, V. R.; Nicoll, 661, N. C.; Nolan, 1217, J.; Noonan, 2132, M. J.; Noonan, 58, T. D.; Nugent, 2511, R.; O'Brien, 1966, D.; O'Connor, 2299, A. W.; Peacock, 150, F.; Pearce, 886, J. A.; Pettit, 1995, W.; Ponting, 1415, B. T.; Pretymann, 2274, H.; Reckless, 1210, H. R.; Reynolds, 2126, A. J.; Reynolds, 1983, M. R.; Rhoades, 1943, S. E.; Roots, 1973, H. J.; Scott, 1671, E. M.; Scott, 696, W.; Shelton, 177, A. V.; Small, 2397, S. L.; Smith, 873, C. E.; Smith, 5114, J.; Sheddin, 894, A.; Somerville, 2325, H. N.; Stafford, 5157, W.; Staunton, 2254, M. B.; Street, 2395, H.; Stühmecke, 1904, H. D.; Taylor, 1007, A. J.; Teasdale, 2167, T.; Thompson, 197, E. A.; Trew, 6838, E. M.; Weaver, 202, J. E.; Weinberg, 581, D. J.; Westwood, 1257, W. H.; Whitehead, 2189, J. H.; Williams, 5143, H. U.

PIONEER BATTALION.—Levell, 2153, E. E.; McDonald, 3090a, J. N.; Marshall, 645, R.; Mills, 849, W. A.; Thornton, 1263, A. G.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Dalley, 22, J.; Lord, 64, H. W.; Martins, 459, P.; Patton, 89, W. A.; Salter, 331a, W. T.; Sherry, 3992, J. W.; Thomson, 231, H. L.; Tomkins, 134, C. H.

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.—Nicholls, 12032, E. G.

Previously reported missing, now reported not missing—wounded.

INFANTRY.—Webeck, 2145, J. C.

Previously reported wounded, now reported not wounded.

INFANTRY.—Allen, 4973, R. G.; Benson, 5551, H. W.; Carter, 4673, J. N.; Daniels, 3054, H. F.; Dunlop, 3730, W. M.; Ellement, 6256, O. V.; Flanagan, 2783, H. L.; Sandry, 1984, A. H.; Thomson, 916, W. C.; Watts, 889, R.

WOUNDED—SHOCK SHELL.

ENGINEERS.—Law, 14673, D. A.

INFANTRY.—Grant, 2314, C. H.; Gunn, 877, A. N.

Previously reported wounded—shock shell, now reported not wounded—shock shell.

INFANTRY.—Sands, 4929, H.

Previously reported wounded, now reported wounded and missing.

INFANTRY.—Carr, 4163, J. C.

Previously reported wounded, now reported missing.

ENGINEERS.—Aldis, 10972, W.

Previously reported missing, now reported not missing.

INFANTRY.—Rees, 1102, T. B.

Previously reported missing, now reported wounded and prisoner of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Owen, 454, W. J.

PRISONER OF WAR IN GERMAN HANDS.

INFANTRY.—Phelan, 5772, W. C.

Previously reported missing, now reported prisoners of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Atkinson, 282, L. C.; Butchart, 123, J.; Cooper, 1211, R. W.; Criddle, 5703, H.; Eden, 1034, A.; Falconer, 6143, P.; Ferguson, 2940, W. E.; Fuller, 1086, F. E.; Johnstone, 6281, C. D.; Jones, 4424, J. H.; Keown, 334, C. D.; Langridge, 648, C.; Love, 6073, J.; McIntosh, 1021, W.; McKellar, 2406, T. A.; Measure, 4238, G. J.; Morrison, 5734, N. C.; Musgrove, 5162, A.; O'Rourke, 4128, G. P.; Robinson, 1006, W. J.; Rosser, 6602, D.; Shaw, 6577, C. E.; Smith, 4293, B. E.; Turnbull, 6619, J.; Wakelin, 2512, W. N.; Wall, 6105, E. J.; Wallace, 4932, A.; Ward, 5462, D. H.; Wheeler, 2011, J. C.; Wigmore, 2472, M.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Siefken, 354, O. J.

Previously reported missing, believed prisoners of war, now reported prisoners of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Miller, 2640, I. G.; Montgomerie, 1997, G.

CORRECTIONS.

Previously reported wounded, now reported died of wounds.

ARTILLERY.—Robertson, NN, J. H., should read Robertson, 934, J. M.

Wounded.

INFANTRY.—Webbeck, 2145, J. C., should read Webeck, 2145, J. C.

Previously reported missing, now reported not missing.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Thomas, 5190, J. R., should read Thomas, 5190, H. W.

LIST 148, DATED JULY 25, 1917.

The following casualties in the Australian Imperial Force are reported under various dates:—

OFFICER—KILLED.

ARTILLERY.—Parkes, A. W., Lieut.
INFANTRY.—Abbey, E. G., Lieut.; Wyndham, H., Lieut.

OFFICERS—WOUNDED.

ARTILLERY.—Kneeshaw, F. P., Major.
INFANTRY.—Baynes, R. G., Capt.; Brown, A., Lieut.; Carew, R. J., Sec.-Lieut.; O'Byrne, G., Sec.-Lieut.; Paull, P. R., Capt.; Pinsent, H. C., Sec.-Lieut.; Stackleberg, F. W., Sec.-Lieut.

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.—Graves, E. I., Capt.

OFFICERS—WOUNDED—SHOCK SHELL

INFANTRY.—Clarke, E. A., Sec.-Lieut.; Wiginton, S. G. B., Lieut.

KILLED.

ARTILLERY.—Boardman, 539, H.; Bouchier, 502, C. L.; Butters, 745, H. C.; Carey, 72, D.

INFANTRY.—Battams, 2873, F. S.; Fraser, 6615, M. J.; Jones, 430, W. T.

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.—Crawford, 12455, Q. C.

Previously reported wounded and missing, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Figg, 1920, A. C.

Previously reported missing, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Ash, 387, A. A.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

INFANTRY.—Farrelly, 827, J. A.; Foster, 2782, A. J.; Gadsbury, 6023, E. J.; Hutton, 64, W. J.; Jennison, 2080, G.; Reid, 4523, M. D.; Young, 159, A. H.

DIED.

INFANTRY.—McIntyre, 2614, M.; Nugent, 57, C. B.

PIONEER BATTALION.—Greig, 3953, A. F.

WOUNDED.

LIGHT HORSE REGIMENT.—Card, 938, H.; Kennell, 1490, G. F.; Porritt, 2655, J. M.; Smith, 482, G. J.

ARTILLERY.—Bailey, 280, S. L.; Barclay, 625, S. W.; Barker, 57, G. G.; Buchanan, 67, N. L.; Byrne, 694, J. F.; Chenhalls, 621, W. D.; Cleary, 769, J. T.; Fraser, 21344, J. M.; Harrison, 641, G. W.; Hatley, 557, L.; Howard, 1517, S.; Howes, 820, F. A.; McKenzie, 411, V. A.; Wall, 412, H.

ENGINEERS.—Wilson, 4514, G.

INFANTRY.—Baird, 5994, W. J.; Bate, 4751, R. C.; Carney, 1089, J. H.; Chaffey, 1625, H. W.; Clark, 6733, A. K.; Clarke, 1813, A. L.; Crittenden, 2295, A.; Curness, 6744, G. W.; Dagwell, 2893, J. H.; Driscoll, 2653, L. G.; Farrell, 426, J.; Glover, 2701, R. J.; Hill, 2429, F. W.; Hourigan, 779, G. M.; Langdon, 1097, A. R.; Lock, 2446, G. H.; Martin, 3867a, J. F.; Meade, 2347, J.; Meaney, 2212, G. R. H.; Mitchell, 1188, T. H.; Murphy, 5081a, G. E.; Oates, 6825, E. E.; O'Brien, 1966, T. W.; Pascoe, 2487, G. W.; Paxman, 7062, E. J.; Quinn, 2018, S. J.; Reilly, 2135, F. W.; Sheridan, 2146, W. H.; Smith, 7048, F. R.; Smith, 6830, H. E. B.; Smith, 4874, H. R.; Standing, 4711, H.; Stares, 1876, H. P.; Stuart, 1349, W. G.; Thompson, 3000, W. J.; Tindal, 565, W. L.; Wilkinson, 2492, R. H.; Young, 5770, C. H.; Young, 2743, P.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Curtis, 525, J. A.

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.—Bennett, 12598, P. H.

WOUNDED—SHOCK SHELL.

INFANTRY.—Penfold, 525, O.

Previously reported wounded, now reported wounded—shock shell.

INFANTRY.—Boutwood, 22, A. H.

Previously reported wounded, now reported wounded and missing.

INFANTRY.—Brooks, 2366, W. G.; Harper, 1667, A. V.

Previously reported missing, now reported prisoner of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Galvin, 6636, B.

LIST 149, DATED JULY 28, 1917.

The following casualties in the Australian Imperial Force are reported under various dates:—

OFFICER—DIED OF WOUNDS.

ARTILLERY.—Parker, A., Lieut.
INFANTRY.—McHattie, D. G., Capt.
MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Earle, A. P., Lieut.

OFFICER—KILLED ACCIDENTALLY.

INFANTRY.—Miller, A. W., Sec.-Lieut.

OFFICERS—WOUNDED.

ARTILLERY.—King, E. C., Lieut.; Kneeshaw, F. P., Major; McMullin, A. O., Lieut.; Saul, E., Lieut.

INFANTRY.—Brown, A., Sec.-Lieut.; Johnston, H. H., Sec.-Lieut.; Lowden, C. L., Sec.-Lieut.; McDonald, H., Sec.-Lieut.; Shepherd, C. T., Lieut.; Thompson, A. P., Lieut.

KILLED.

INFANTRY.—Atkins, 1668, E. R.; Barker, 5974, P. E.; Boulton, 2034, L. R.; Burnett, 240, A.; Cassidy, 4459, P. F.; Cluett, 381, C. M.; Collet, 2782, R. S.; Dow, 3137, G. M.; Fowler, 266, G.; Goleby, 3295, L. T.; Lonergan, 3207, R. F.; McCosker, 2878, B. H.; Madden, 2805, L.; Moore, 4552, G. H.; Noonan, 6057, J. J.; O'Meara, 5717, C. B.; Ottaway, 6708, H. G.; Paton, 5101a, E. H.; Quinton, 2706, H. A.; Sermon, 6202, J. C.; South, 6094, H. J.; Throwden, 194, J. T.; White, 2019, C.; Womersley, 2908, J.

PIONEER BATTALION.—McLennan, 2169, J.

ARMY SERVICE CORPS.—Bignell, 3014, N.

Previously reported missing, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Freudenberg, 2896, B. C.; MacLeod, 2466, J. H. R.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

ARTILLERY.—Orchard, 2493, A. W.

INFANTRY.—Cook, 178, N. A.; Crowder, 6743, R. J.; Few, 4790, C.; Greene, 2904, F. P.; Hoffman, 1917, R. W.; Kemp, 815, J. O.; Mayne, 3196, W. H.; Roberts, 2389, W.; Ross, 2865, H. H.; Sommer, 2640, S. W. P.; Trinder, 5201, W. T.

Previously reported killed, now reported died of wounds.

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.—Polson, 1481, A. E.

Previously reported wounded, now reported died of wounds.

INFANTRY.—McGuire, 166, J.

DIED.

ARTILLERY.—Knickle, 2349, E. A.

INFANTRY.—Hartley, 562, F. C.; Johnson, 1047, H.; Rickenberg, 155, H. E.

WOUNDED.

ARTILLERY.—Arbuckle, 705, A. G.; Black, 28922, L. G.; Blackburn, 3702, R.; Burns, 2700, G. A.; Corrigan, 4548, E. M.; Doyle, 2017, F. B.; Dunlop, 10514, N. J.; Finlay, 2340, A.; Justice, 1758, M. D.; Knight, 32730, W.; Lynch, 18898, C.; Marlin, 18899, W. J.; Newman, 10007, M. F.; Rochow, 435, A. A.; Russell, 19772, G. J.; Simminston, 28978, H. W.; Smith, 1267, S.; Starr, 1790a, A. E.; Walsh, 3112, W.; Waterson, 3967, S. G.

ENGINEERS.—Hinton, 7508, R. H.; Stewart, 378, D. C.

INFANTRY.—Anderson—4553, D. V.; Archibald, 1051, H.; Atkinson, 471, L. H.; Baade, 6218, S. J.; Barrow, 704, S. J.; Beavis, 2574, H. C.; Berry, 2236, A. V.; Bradshaw, 2519, A. E.; Brown, 5676, F. W.; Bryant, 1528, E.; Carland, 6486, F. J.; Casey, 2043, W.; Caught, 3244, F.; Chaffey, 4456, W. T.; Chitty, 2780, A. H.; Clark, 2436, A.; Clarke, 6932, F. T.; Claverie, 46, B.; Coleman, 2287, C. F.; Coles, 1085, T. R.; Collins, 2905, J.; Cowan, 50, C.; Curtis, 3529, C. C.; Daniels, 3054, H. F.; Davies, 95, P. J.; Day, 2831, W. J.; Diamond, 2289, J.; Doyle, 2642a, R. W.; Edmondstone, 4182, W. L.; Feast, 5715, A. T.; Frederick, 338, H. C.; Galpin, 5076, H.; Gardiner, 2015, A. N.; Glossop, 6023, F. A.; Griffin, 3186, C. J.; Hannelly, 4199, P.; Herrmann, 476, A. J.; Ibbotson, 2442, H. J.; Jarvis, 2164, E. E.; Jeffrey, 768, F. J. C.; Jenkins, 5298, N. McD.; Keenan, 6294, H. J.; Kestie, 436, L.; Lavender, 2308, C. C.; Lee, 5149, A.; Lloyd, 811, C. J.; Lloyd, 2831, R.; McDermott, 2631, W. J.; McDonald, 2851, W. J.; McGrath, 3197, W.; McKenzie, 3124, H. N.; McLaughlin, 2066, H. V.; Marshall, 2354, J. M.; McMahon, 2109, W. J.; Martin, 231, E.; Matthews, 3492, B.; Mitchell, 167, W. J.; Nelson, 842, S. R.; Newton, 1463, V. R.; O'Farrell, 6338, W. O.; Oughton, 370, L. T.; Perkins, 2957, F. J.; Perron, 2189, W.; Purvis, 546, J. S.; Quinn, 386, J. F.; Read, 3675, J.; Riddel, 2232b, R.; Robinson, 3253, M.; Rose,

2978, F. H.; Rosseloty, 6570, J. B.; Roy, 2380, B. G.; Ryan, 1218, T.; Saunders, 3934, W. H.; Scoble, 764, J. W.; Selems, 1993, A. E.; Sergeant, 2397, H. J.; Shean, 2851, A. V.; Simcock, 6584, V. G.; Smith, 146, E.; Smith, 6350, J. J.; Smith, 1892, O. E.; Smith, 1421, R. A.; Spencer, 5218, C.; Steele, 559, W. F.; Tasker, 221, C. H.; Tennant, 1857, C.; Thureson, 3005, E. W.; Timms, 1648, J. J.; Tomlinson, 4622, J. W.; Tonks, 2402, H. C.; Vermor, 2269a, J.; Walsh, 2875, J. H.; Waterworth, 2912, K. C.; White, 759, H. E.; Whitecross, 2411, C. McM.; Wiloughby, 1651, I. J.; Zeffert, 2612a, M. E.

PIONEER BATTALION.—Harris, 2829, G. V.; Shankland, 4271, R. E.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Darcy, 1916, A. H.

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.—Stewart, 13652, C. J.; Welfare, 9601, A.; Wilkinson, 16773, W. N.

Previously reported wounded—shock shell, now reported not wounded—shock shell.

INFANTRY.—Jack, 1293, J.

Previously reported missing, now reported not missing—wounded.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Owen, 517, W.

Previously reported wounded, now reported not wounded.

INFANTRY.—Power, 879, C.; Robbins, 2135, B. W.; Webb, 420, J. A.

WOUNDED—SHOCK SHELL.

INFANTRY.—Beale, 2391, N. D.; Beaton, 724, D.

Previously reported wounded—shock shell, now reported not wounded—shock shell.

INFANTRY.—Kelly, 2404, J.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

INFANTRY.—Davenport, 3074, H.

Previously reported wounded, now reported wounded and missing.

INFANTRY.—Acres, 6228, R.; Corbett, 6876, H. W.; Ravell, 34, T. F.; Tyson, 5409, R. H.; Winter, 2605, E. C.

MISSING.

INFANTRY.—Brown, 6001, G.; Chandler, 6242, C. R.; Eaton, 2575, C.; English, 2577, M. C.; Vance, 1464, A. J.; Wright, 2127, F.

Previously reported missing, now reported not missing.

INFANTRY.—Harper, 879, G. F.

Previously reported wounded and prisoner of war, now reported died as prisoner of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Patterson, 5437, J.

Previously reported wounded and missing, now reported died as prisoners of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Croft, 6586, A. W.; Williams, 5776, T. H.

Previously reported missing, now reported died as prisoners of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Beecken, 3001, H. E.; Brown, 6482, H. O.; Calder, 2287a, J. H.; Chamberlain, 4762, F. H.; Gardner, 2159, W. H.; Grant, 2163, A. A.; Grimmond, 2460, G. R.; Guest, 2756, W.; Hogan, 3767, J.; Jeffs, 1680, C.; Jones, 5498, R.; Littleboy, 2027, G.; Marshall, 3727, F. S.; Meginess, 5746, W. S.; Palmer, 4303, J. W.; Peacock, 5073, W. A.; Robinson, 3987, C. W.; Stevens, 6327, T.

Previously reported prisoner of war, now reported died as prisoner of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Cunningham, 2354, P. R.

Previously reported prisoners of war, now reported wounded and prisoners of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Andrews, 2331, J. W.; Brown, 4626, T. F.; Coff, 5348, E.; Garrard, 1666, A. J.; Kruger, 6549, D. J.; Leister, 2694, R. H.; Lugg, 1095, D.; Mackenzie, 3855, A.; Menhennett, 1640, P. G.; Mercer, 2457, G. T.; Mullins, 516, J. F.; Rehn, 182, P.; Reid, 4957, R.; Vidler, 2743, W. D.; Walker, 6348, A.; Whitaker, 3138, W.; Williams, 3797, G. T.; Williams, 2704, W. H.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Hill, 2594, E. H.

Previously reported incorrectly reported killed, now reported prisoner of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Armitage, 6031, W. D.

Previously reported missing, now reported prisoner of war in Turkish hands.

LIGHT HORSE REGIMENT.—Gibert, 1321, G. E.

Previously reported missing, believed prisoner of war, now reported prisoner of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Johnson, 6282, A.

Previously reported missing, now reported prisoners of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Benson, 5978, J. E.; Boxall, 5998, A. W.; Colgrave, 5996, R. G.; Cusack, 1926, T. P.; Hogan, 6493, T.; Hurrell, 1961, W. H.; Law, 6538, E. W.; Montana, 99, A.; Moody, 6059, E. C.; Moody, 6098, W.; Okely, 5170, H. R.; Phelan, 6573, P. S.; Savage, 6107, E.; Scott, 2722, D.; Sullivan, 5899, J.; Sully, 1993, R.; Watson, 3506, W.; Watts, 5784, C. E.; Whisker, 3349, S. G.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Whelan, 341, H. A.; Whittle, 2274, H. B.

LIST 150, DATED JULY 30, 1917.

The following casualties in the Australian Imperial Force are reported under various dates:—

OFFICERS—KILLED.

INFANTRY.—Wilson, F. J., Sec.-Lieut.; Wilson, J. H., Sec.-Lieut.

Officer—Previously reported missing, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Ward, L. A., Sec.-Lieut.

OFFICERS—WOUNDED.

FLYING CORPS.—Mowle, A. W., Sec.-Lieut.
ARTILLERY.—Fanning, R. E., Major.
INFANTRY.—Buchanan, B. J., Capt.; Herps, C. H., Lieut.

KILLED.

ARTILLERY.—Glasson, 5017, C. A.; Lane, 1667, G.; Roberts, 644, J. J.
INFANTRY.—Bignell, 1782, L. O.; Colman, 1941a, H.; Cunningham, 3017, A. B.; Cunningham, 1139, P. J.; Darcy, 5172, M.; Dixon, 3724, J. T.; Dodd, 124, A. A.; Fairbrother, 2055, W. G.; Frazer, 3143, D. J.; Fulcher, 125, C. H.; Johnston, 1449, J. D.; Kelb, 868, W.; Lee, 2621, J.; Lycett, 4719, F. J.; Macdonald, 1975, D. G.; McKenzie, 3090, A.; Marlow, 2363, A. W.; Morrison, 4869, J.; Naylor, 2265, B. E.; Onians, 1263, N. G.; Parker, 523, D.; Pooler, 530, F. J.; Russell, 2896, W.; Sahr, 6087, F. H.; Sandry, 1984, A. H.; Schumack, 2877, H.; Smith, 872, C.; Sweetman, 3514, A.; Taylor, 944, A. J. W.; Thomas, 191, R. W. P.; Tuck, 886, G. V.; Upchurch, 3182, C. E.; Weir, 5111a, H. L.; Williams, 2998, H. H. E.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Andrew, 501a, G. E. T.

Previously reported wounded, now reported killed.
INFANTRY.—Barrow, 1704, S. J.; Bryant, 1528, E.; Vaughan, 1754a, D. R.; Walsh, 2875, J. H.

Previously reported missing, now reported killed

INFANTRY.—Allen, 2616a, J. E.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

ARTILLERY.—Scheer, 15209, H.
ENGINEERS.—Mullens, 1675, T.
INFANTRY.—Blanch, 2277, P. J.; McGuinness, 2213, R. W.; Marriner, 2464, R. F.; Parsons, 867, W. A.; Phelps, 3198, H. H.

Previously reported killed, now reported died of wounds.

INFANTRY.—Nichol, 2645, W. A.

DIED.

LIGHT HORSE REGIMENT.—Gordon, 3509, L. L.
INFANTRY.—McIntyre, 1701, P.
PIONEER BATTALION.—Simpson, 2667, R.

WOUNDED.

ARTILLERY.—Kirby, 112, M. E.; McLaren, 511, J.; Redman, 18529, A.
ENGINEERS.—Berner, 1747, S.
INFANTRY.—Abernethy, 373, R.; Allan, 2872, S. D.; Baguley, 2526, F. J.; Bailey, 4977, A. O.; Barbour, 1068, G. R.; Bartlett, 2618, J. S.; Batten, 1036, S. W.; Beale, 17, A. S.; Bee, 2282, J.; Bird, 2924, H.; Blackburn, 257, C. R. H.; Brown, 6728, T.; Browne, 18a, R. J.; Bruce, 21, J.; Cameron, 1882a, D. McG.; Clifford, 1892a, G.; Collins, 4700, E. H.; Connors, 804, D. J.; Curran, 1896, L. J.; Cuthbertson, 747, W. N.; Dale, W. P.; Davis, 5683, W. J.; Denham, 426, W.; Diamond, 2421, H.; Doel, 1947, B. F.; Ellis, 2083, H. W.; Fawcett, 2527, E. G.; Finn, 1644, P.; Fleming, 829, C. T.; Foster, 2782, A. J.; Fowler, 5011a, C. E.; Frater, 771, A. D.; Fryer, 1386, T.; Gainey, 1833, A. A.; Garland, 2069, H. W.; George, 3154, L. O.; Giblett, 3149, H. J.; Gray, 592, R.; Griffiths, 3526, J.; Harrison, 2163, R. E.; Harrison, 2787, W.; Harrison, 5120a, W.; Haydon, 731, W. St. C.; Haynes, 6028, C. F.; Hambrow, 1154, J. C.; Hickman, 1937, J.; Jacobs, 1155, C. A.; Jakimov, 470, G.; Jones, 463, A. B.; Kilmister, 4523, R. L.; Lennox, 117, C.; Liddell, 3820, E. A.; Lockyer, 5047, W. A.; Love, 2585,

C. B.; McAlister, 520, P. E.; McConnell, 5066a, A.; McCulloch, 3097, R. E.; McGinnity, 2105, W. J.; McGrath, 852, A.; McGregor, 2609, H.; McGuinness, 2610, D.; Maddem, 2915, C. E.; Marshall, 1452, R.; Meehan, 1869, H. R.; Miller, 5076, M. H.; Monahan, 3175, P. J.; Motter, 2848, E. E.; Myall, 6783, A.; Natrass, 861, G. C.; Naylor, 2365, J. H.; O'Neill, 845, F. B.; Parkes, 2370, A. L.; Pickering, 5160, J. A.; Pickering, 2227, S. A.; Potter, 3197, H. E.; Purvis, 2728, H.; Rye, 1881a, D. C.; Sandells, 3026, G. W.; Scott, 1448a, J.; Sheedy, 914, F. J.; Shipley, 563, W. V.; Shirley, 1492a, F. R.; Sinclair, 552, C.; Spencer, 3234, W. H.; Stevens, 662, W. T.; Steward, 6077, J. W.; Swan, 3209, A. W.; Syppot, 1916, H. G.; Thornthwaite, 2158, H. W.; Tills, 2509, A. C.; Trobridge, 3103, A. L.; Turner, 3251, J. G.; Walker, 1842a, H. F.; Willock, 210, R. D.; Wilson, 3443, T. B.; Wilson, 2431, T. H.; Windsor, 2658, G. E.

PIONEER BATTALION.—Allen, 368, W. E.; Leabey, 472, C. W.; Sargent, 1253, C. R.; Whyte, 936, R.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Anderson, 429, C. O.; Applebee, 1518, J. H.; Cadd, 462, E.

Previously reported missing, now reported not missing—wounded.

INFANTRY.—Gow, 1746, D.

Previously reported wounded—shock shell, now reported not wounded—shock shell.

INFANTRY.—Wigginton, 5475, J. A.

Previously reported wounded, now reported wounded and missing.

INFANTRY.—Martin, 6067, H. L.

MISSING—BELIEVED KILLED.

INFANTRY.—Glanville, 5102, S. D.

MISSING.

INFANTRY.—Dickinson, 2554, J. C.; Forrest, 66, G.; Glover, 440, G.; Johnson, 2100, W. G.; Phee, 1207, W. W.; Shugrue, 1680, C.; Young, 926, J. B.

CORRECTION.

INFANTRY.—Killed—McMurtie, 614, J., should read McMurtrie, 614, J.

LIST 151, DATED JULY 31, 1917.

The following casualties in the Australian Imperial Force are reported under various dates:—

KILLED.

ENGINEERS.—Price, 6640, R. J.
INFANTRY.—Farmer, 1913, H.; Keyte, 2932, C. C.; Ryan, 2474, E. J.
MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Sanderson, 568, H. W.

Previously reported died of wounds, now reported killed.

ENGINEERS.—Hodgetts, 653, P.

Previously reported wounded and missing, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Adams, 2010, C. E.; Brown, 3622, R. E.; Cain, 1898b, G.; Church, 1795, F. C.; Commene, 3636, M. H.; Cross, 4383, J.; Davies, 1682, E.; Davies, 4396, T.; Elliott, 1531, H. T.; Gunning, 538, J. P.; Harris, 4434, G. E.; Kenna, 2514, J.; Kirby, 4742, N. J.; Lison, 2248, V. T.; McCullough, 1219, R.; Male, 1559, W.; Mollison, 3544, J.; Murphy, 4473, W.; Reynolds, 3198, H. G.; Robinson, 2196, F. C.; Sim, 3540, J. B.; Smith, 3944, W. J.; Southwood, 3691, J. H.; Stewart, 2801, A. G.; Wells, 3165, J.

Previously reported missing, now reported killed.

ENGINEERS.—Dooley, 2474, J. A.
INFANTRY.—Adams, 3451, R. A.; Archer, 4500, V. M.; Armstrong, 1042, H.; Banfield, 1046, H. C.; Bell, 269, R.; Bell, 1888, T.; Berg, 4986, F. D. E.; Black, 244, J. V.; Bounds, 1784, J.; Bourke, 1898a, T.; Brown, 11, F. J.; Brunby, 2001, A. D.; Caldwell, 195, F.; Carlson, 2840, E.; Clennett, 2237, H. G.; Conran, 3311, C. S.; Corcoran, 4339, T.; Cottell, 4993, G. C.; Davern, 1043, L.; Davidson, 48, W. P.; Deboynton, 476, W.; Donoghue, 3571, P. D.; Douglas, 848, A. E.; Downes, 2522, T. A.; Doyle, 4397, T. F.; Duffy, 3645, O. C.; Dwyer, 300, J.; Dwyer, 4569, W. J.; Eeles, 4719, A.; Eyles, 867, A. S.; Farrelly, 4548, J. P.; Finch, 513, H.; Fletcher, 876, G. H.; Gibbons, 2249, F. J.; Graham, 2123, D. J.; Grainer, 4414, D. A.; Grant, 1093, L. G.; Gridley, 3655, A. C.; Grove, 1682, A. W.; Hall, 1103, A.; Hambrook, 3557, A. W.; Hamilton, 335, C. D. L.; Hargreaves, 3061, H. B.; Harrison, 1549, J.; Harvey, 118, A. E.; Harvey, 2186, F.; Henderson, 4732, J.; Henderson, 575, R. D.; Henderson, 4732, J.; Hodges, 2487, J.; Hyde, Hodges, 520a, C. F.; Hodges, 4439, J.; Jago, 2494, L. F.; Jones, 1122, J. A.; Jones, 1904, T.; Jowers, 1526, H. G.; Lawn, 5282, J. E.; Leighton, 2135, F. S.;

Leonard, 5067, D.; Leslie, 3674, A. J.; Levis, 2500, J. W.; Lightbody, 4356, J.; McCabe, 1692, J.; McFarlane, 2197, T. P.; McGiveron, 1140, J.; McIntosh, 106, A. K.; McKendrick, 3678, A. N.; McKenna, 128, P. J.; McLennan, 368, A.; Mackintosh, 4171, E. D.; Macklin, 379, P. D.; Merrick, 1729, F. M.; Metcalfe, 1919, R.; Mooney, 1943, B.; Morley, 4479, G. T.; Munkley, 4470, R. H.; Murfett, 3682, R. D.; Nolan, 1948, P.; Norman, 4487, H. A.; Owen, 934, J. T.; Payne, 2155, H.; Petersen, 1674, A. G.; Poole, 2671, A.; Powell, 940, R. G.; Pozzi, 400, A.; Quick, 4358, R. R.; Reid, 3341, J. L.; Reid, 1825, T.; Richmond, 1752, P. W.; Riley, 1169, T. H.; Russell, 4197, H.; Rye, 1916, A.; Scolyer, 960, R.; Scott, 1954, W. B.; Scott, 4523, W. K.; Sheen, 3692, W. W.; Simmons, 1952, M.; Smith, 2063a, A.; Smith, 1703, W. C.; Snellgrove, 3539, B. A.; Spencer, 2167, D. J.; Street, 1185, M. B.; Styles, 178, D. R.; Talbot, 2285, A. E.; Taylor, 1516, A.; Thorne, 1195, G. F.; Thorpe, 2058, E. G.; Tulk, 3146, C. R.; Turner, 3147, T. W.; Tynan, 3610, W. P.; Walkeden, 2062, A. W.; Wallace, 434, L. H. L.; Watson, 4537, E.; Watts, 2025a, C. W.; Welbeloved, 2177, H. H.; Wheeler, 1520, W. H.; Wilson, 2064, H. J.; Woolnough, 3367, J. P.; Worner, 2002, A. A.; Wright, 3364, T.; Wyartt, 3962, J.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

ARTILLERY.—Hanns, 106, E.; O'Brien, 3460, P. J.

Previously reported wounded, now reported died of wounds.

INFANTRY.—Campbell, 7, T. H.

Previously reported wounded and missing, now reported died of wounds.

INFANTRY.—Maffesoni, 84, J.

DIED.

INFANTRY.—Butler, 6254, C. A.; Dixon, 6902, F. L.; James, 1381, O. W.

WOUNDED.

ANZAC LIGHT RAILWAYS.—Bryant, 454, W.
ARTILLERY.—Bradstock, 3247, A. J.; Cass, 1901, E. J.; Herivel, 28964, J. F.; Murray, 2529, R. R.; Pelling, 3187, E. R.; Young, 685, W.; Robson, 4697, P. H.

ENGINEERS.—Chambers, 2424, E.; Skues, 5832, W. T.

INFANTRY.—Archbold, 2001a, H. A.; Armstrong, 1000, W.; Baldwin, 3247, W.; Bow, 823, A.; Chardon, 406, N. F.; Cox, 2585, S.; Cummings, 5071, R. L.; Johnston, 2089, J. T.; McCusker, 2951, D. A.; Manson, 2109, W. J.; Trotter, 2867, A. L.

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.—Merry, 2647, R.

Previously reported wounded, now reported not wounded.

INFANTRY.—De Fraine, 6052, W. L.

Previously reported wounded—shock shell, now reported not wounded—shock shell

INFANTRY.—Stewart, 1736, D.

Previously reported wounded, now reported wounded and missing.

INFANTRY.—Bickerton, 696, J.; Crawford, 4683, J.; Knox, 1909, J.; Wythes, 6589, H. C.

Previously reported missing, now reported not missing.

ARTILLERY.—Sutherland, 4631, W. F.

INFANTRY.—Hunter, 2661, C.

MISSING—BELIEVED KILLED.

INFANTRY.—Glanville, 5102, S. D.

Previously reported missing, now reported not missing.

ARTILLERY.—Sutherland, 4631, W. F.

INFANTRY.—Hunter, 2661, C.

LIST 152, DATED AUGUST 4, 1917.

The following casualties in the Australian Imperial Force are reported under various dates:—

OFFICERS—KILLED.

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.—Aspinall (M.C.), W. R., Capt.; Kirkland (M.C.), W. D., Major.

Officer—Previously reported wounded and missing, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Whitehead, W. M., Sec.-Lieut.

OFFICER—DIED OF WOUNDS.

ARTILLERY.—Doughty (M.C.), R. D., Lieut.

Officer—Previously reported wounded, now reported died of wounds.

INFANTRY.—Lowden, C. L. C., Sec.-Lieut.

OFFICERS—WOUNDED.

ARTILLERY.—Nagel, H., Lieut.

ENGINEERS.—Justice, J. B., Lieut.

INFANTRY.—Bale, H. C., Sec.-Lieut.

KILLED.

ARTILLERY.—Griffin, 2025, J. T.; Hill, 21073, W. H.

INFANTRY.—Barker, 1477, J.; Beer, 2528, A. J.; Farley, 424, M.; Gray, 1906a, A. W.;

Howlett, 101, W.; Jamieson, 2097, J.; Leslie, 1223, J. F.; McInnes, 942, J.; Murray, 845, R.; Parker, 875, J. G.; Phee, 872, H. G.; Rogers, 1930, W.; Smith, 2144, J.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—McLaren, 218, W. H.

Previously reported wounded, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Byrnes, 4686, J.

Previously reported wounded and missing, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Brent, 3781, H. G.; Breward, 2015, W.; Copeland, 2345, W. T.; Davis, 1079, F. W.; Johnson, 403, C.; Marshall, 3869, C. F. H.; Morrissey, 3986, J. J. A.; Newton, 702, J. J.; Raphael, 1590, F. F. J.; Scales, 5701, H. J. M.

Previously reported missing, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Argent, 319, H. O.; Austin, 317, F.; Austin, 4058, H.; Aylward, 2102, M. W.; Baker, 3770, J. G.; Ballantyne, 4278, A.; Barrett, 2460, A. O.; Batson, 4063, T. H.; Bell, 1516, A. A. T.; Bickford, 1519, E.; Biggs, 1510, E. I. V.; Blake, 2123, H. J.; Brimacombe, 4073, C. L.; Cleary, 2148, W. P.; Collins, 129, H. D.; Collish, 2149, L. R.; Condely, 5803, J. P.; Cooper, 2136, G.; Curtis, 4092, J.; Davey, 3797, R. H.; Dent, 3798, H. V.; Drew, 3803, T.; Ellis, 1020, S. H.; Evans, 4107, B.; Field, 2651, D.; Fox, 1026, R. B.; Fricker, 1704, N. C.; Haake, 3120, A. G.; Hill, 872, A. G.; Hooper, 6051, F. J.; Isted, 4709, S. C.; Jenkins, 1691a, J. T.; Johnson, 5433, H. W.; Kenner, 3884, W. E.; Knight, 412, T.; Lepp, 1576, V. S.; Liebe, 1584, S. A.; Lilly, 901, E. H.; McAlpin, 2220, D.; McDonnell, 1704a, G. J. W.; McHutchinson, 3886, R.; McInnes, 3893, D.; McLeod, 429, R. W.; Milburn, 4710, G. W.; Miller, 3984, J.; Murfett, 4169, G. R.; Murray, 3860, O.; O'Gorman, 467, F. W.; Priest, 3908, J. T.; Prior, 2239, W. J.; Rainer, 954, L. M.; Sedgman, 4220, T. E.; Sinclair, 2380, A.; Smith, 498, A. H.; Staley, 2265, H. B.; Stamford, 2006, H. C.; Stone, 2811, C. E.; Taylor, 519, H. C.; Thornton, 514, C. L.; Turner, 3930, H. H.; Vennell, 2824, J. H.; Watkins, 2282, T.; Waugh, 996, G. W.; Weir, 529, T. E.; Whitelaw, 1003, R. A.; Wilkinson, 3954, L. F.; Williams, 248, L.; Woodhouse, 3937, F.; Young, 3959, R.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

ARTILLERY.—Larkin, 3867, A. R.
INFANTRY.—McPherson, 21256, D.
MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Cadd, 462, E.;
Graham, 1296, R. J.

KILLED—ACCIDENTALLY.

PIONEER BATTALION.—Doyle, 2091, J.

WOUNDED

LIGHT HORSE REGIMENT.—Footit, 717, O.

ARTILLERY.—Butcher, 10014, R. W.; Christensen, 1959, J. L.; Cuddy, 2729, A. R.; Downey, 21471, N. V.; Easton, 1705, F. S.; Eddy, 22509, J. C.; Hodgson, 5841, W.; Hoy, 21231, W.; Joy, 1980, A. C.; McLeod, 3862, E. K.; Miller, 872, A. A.; Morris, 19111, C. F.; Newton, 2890, A. H.; Petty, 1906, C. S.; Stitt, 19137, H. H.; Thomas, 1661, B.; Tomlinson, 1150, T. E.; Tonkin, 582, A. J.; West, 3963, R.; Wiggell, 1077, E. T.

INFANTRY.—Brown, 2771, P.; Cooke, 2052, R. C.; D'Arcy, 1107, B. R.; Edwards, 62, R.; Fredricksen, 4932, G. F.; Guile, 80, A. E.; Gurcher, 1893, A. R.; Halloran, 2446, H. S.; Hardy, 2078, W. H.; Harrison, 1436, A. S.; Hayes, 1934, P.; Head, 1816, P. E.; Heskett, 7, F. P.; Hoag, 4814, J. T.; Hojel, 2578, P. C.; Holden, 2048, W. F.; Hooper, 2086, F.; Isakson, 760, A. L.; Kelly, 1839, J. J.; Kilpatrick, 2106, A. S.; McCormack, 2627, E. W.; McKinnon, 2631, H.; Mann, 236, H.; Masterton, 488, J. A.; Mayes, 1869, W. K.; Milson, 1187, C. V.; Mooring, 133, H. A.; Norris, 2612, A.; O'Connor, 1966, D. E.; Parsons, 2378, R.; Purer, 1892a, H. E.; Randall, 1209, J. A.; Ross, 1931, R. L.; Ryan, 2377, J. A.; Ryan, 1849, T.; Sims, 2143, A.; Sommerville, 1507, A. J.; Stevens, 911, P. C.; Stevens, 907, R.; Stillman, 2880, W. H.; Sullivan, 198, E. A.; Swinbourne, 2669, R.; Taggett, 1252, J. H.; Turner, 1702, W. F.; Walton, 2745, A. H.; Wescombe, 423, T. W.; Wiggan, 2687, G. E.; Wirlund, 1468a, A.

PIONEER BATTALION.—Linton, 2134, W. F.
MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Fletcher, 29, L. R.; Horsnell, 459, R. A.; Jury, 1528, L. J.; Norrie, 83, H. A.; Phillips, 604a, S. J.; Richardson, 335, E. A.; Wright, 2010, C. V.

Previously reported wounded, now reported not wounded

INFANTRY.—Phillips, 438, J. G.

WOUNDED—SHOCK SHELL.

ARTILLERY.—McAllister, 7621, W. E.

Previously reported wounded—shock shell, now reported not wounded—shock shell.

INFANTRY.—McDonald, 142, J.

Previously reported wounded, now reported wounded and missing.

INFANTRY.—Cole, 4568, G.; Fristrom, 6190, E.; Lee, 4454, R.; Simpson, 5413, A.

MISSING.

ENGINEERS.—Angus, 478, C. H.; Baxter, 4011, J. H.; Bell, 1407, J. F.; Berry, 3281, C.; Birrell, 492, F.; Brown, 3491a, F.; Cochrane, 515, D. J.; Crettenden, 4083, W. A.; Davey, 4139, F. C.; Day, 2376, G. H.; Dunn, 4012, E.; Dunn, 543, M. G.; Finch, 4013, M. H.; Fitzgerald, 4141, A. J.; Green, 5745, T.; Halfpenny, 578, J.; Harrington, 4157, M.; Herrick, 5347, J. M.; Hinds, 4764, L. G.; Lewis, 5770, G. Y.; Lewis, 629, J. H.; McGlinchey, 2830, C. G.; Matheson, 647, A. J.; Midnap, 4778, J. K.; Minoque, 3988, P.; Minslow, 790, J. A.; Mortson, 652, A.; Morton, 4108, H. F.; Neilson, 5167, C. C.; O'Neill, 5392, J.; O'Neill, 5393, T.; Partridge, 5401, L. W. P.; Thring, 715, F. D.; Voisey, 5640, E.; Westwood, 798, J. Y.; Whitworth, 5651, W.; Wieder, 5437, J.; Williams, 4138, H. A. T.; Window, 801, B. E.; Withers, 6851, A. J.; Young, 4156, W. G.

Previously reported missing, now reported wounded and prisoners of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Abbott, 5982, R. C.; Beckman, 2624a, I.; Read, 5749, N. F.; Sherriff, 5406, W.

Previously reported missing, now reported prisoners of war in German hands.

INFANTRY.—Abern, 6457, W. H.; Anderson, 1612a, J. C.; Andrew, 6459, R. G.; Andrews, 2051, R.; Atkinson, 1127, M.; Ayres, 6619, R. T.; Bailey, 4132, H. E.; Ball, 6953, H.; Barrett, 1192, C.; Bates, 5332, H. W.; Benson, 2332, C. C.; Beresford, 6473, J. J.; Bidgood, 6463, F. A.; Blair, 1402, R.; Boston, 5339, A. J.; Boxsell, 6870, R.; Bray, 6614, J. G.; Brennan, 5669, F.; Buckley, 3710, J. G.; Bushell, 1173, A.; Buttel, 1030, M. A.; Byrne, 5668, J.; Carlson, 3724, A.; Carr, 1930, F.; Carseldine, S. D. S.; Colquhoun, 4749, A.; Connor, 2617, D. L.; Crawford, 2587, H. S.; Cross, 5350, G. V.; Dairymple, 4470, W. G.; Davies, 6494, E. C.; Davies, 3296, L. R.; Davis, 3730, J.; Doherty, 8447, M.; Dorrough, 2671, R. H.; Durnford, 6030, G.; Dwyer, 5672, P. C.; Earle, 5711, F. J.; Edmunds, 6879, J. T.; Elliott, 2061, W. H.; Evans, 5388, C.; Evans, 1994, W. E.; Fielder, 1542, F. J.; Finlay, 6736, M. W.; Flanagan, 2294, A.; Flanagan, 2295, M. J.; Flarey, 2179, V.; Flynn, 6513, J. A.; Francis, 2956, P. S.; Freemantle, 6511, H. V.; Gardiner, 1947, E.; Garrett, 1040, M. R.; Giddins, 1638, W. H.; Glasson, 6027, J. H.; Gosper, 3561, P.; Graham, 6255, C. C.; Griene, 2911, A. M.; Griffiths, 2777, A. S.; Griserook, 4889, L.; Grose, 6022, W.; Gunter, 5686, N.; Gurney, 5725, G. F.; Gwynne, 37, W. D.; Hall, 2798, H. A.; Hall, 5104, J.; Hardley, 3554, E.; Hawtin, 6491, A.; Herron, 2190, G. K.; Hershaw, 6043, F.; Hind, 651, J.; Hipper, 5730, T. C.; Hiscox, 657, A. J.; Hobbins, 1685, C. A.; Hokin, 10165, S. C.; Holloway, 2665, E. C.; Ingham, 5713, A.; Jarvey, 6277, F. O.; Jarvis, 1733, H. T.; Johnston, 2918, J. W.; Johnstone, 3351, G. E.; Jones, 1197, S. J.; Joseph, 6287, A. J.; Kevans, 2694b, J. E.; Key, 1370, A.; Kingsbury, 6764, F. G.; Lahood, 5121, V.; Landless, 4228, A.; Le Brun, 1949, L. O.; Leggatt, 5146, J.; Leslie, 6071, W.; Liddy, 2174, P. J.; Lonergan, 6302, W. A.; Lawson, 70, R. J.; Lupton, 5711, A. P.; Lynch, 7027, W. L.; McAdam, 3833, W. C.; McBarren, 6287, M.; McClelland, 6777, O. O.; McClintock, 3859, A. M.; McFadden, 6559, F. B.; McGimpsey, 6321, D.; McGowan, 6288, S.; McGrath, 883, J. P.; McGregor, 5140, R. E.; McWamee, 6616, J.; Maher, 2526, F. J.; Mahon, 1490, J.; Mahoney, 2072, W.; Miller, 6297, J.; Mitting, 6056, C. L.; Moffatt, 2616, F.; Moore, 5718, A. J.; Morris, 5751, A. S.; Mounfield, 6527, H.; Nightingale, 2436, J.; Oakey, 6837, H.; O'Connor, 302, T.; Owen, 4689, R.; Parker, 4263, F. S.; Parker, 6566, W. F.; Peebles, 2032, P. C.; Petersen, 1820, F. C.; Plunkett, 6553, G. J.; Pooley, 6132, C. S. L.; Power, 4880, P. J.; Preston, 6077, H. E.; Preston (alias Richardson, N.), 6140, N.; Pritchard, 6854, T.; Quinlivan, 5412, J. P.; Raper, 6795, H. A.; Redding, 5079, F. C.; Richards, 136, G.; Richardson, 4624, A.; Robertson, 2435, M. D.; Rodgers, 6306, W. J.; Roots, 6387, D. D.; Ross, 6796, E.; Rowe, 6398, W. J.; Rowlands, 2229, A. W.; Sanderson, 6581, F.; Satorover, 2531, J.; Simpson, 2038, E. W.; Simpson, 6326, R. L.; Slight, 6581, J. W.; Sniggs, 2457, J.; Stevenson, 556a, H. V.; Stewart, 6317, J.; Strickland, 6873, A. G.; Thomas, 2593, H. S.; Thorpe, 2421, A.; Tingey, 370a, J. H.; UH, 6590, T. J.; Wallbank, 8144, E. A.; Wallbank, 6596, J.; Walsh, 636, W. E.

Walters, 4324, T.; Watters, 3274, T. W.; West, 5782, H.; Woods (M.M.), 1102, A. A.; Wynne, 3523, L.; Yeo, 6470, W. E.; Yule, 4846, J. I.

LIST 153, DATED AUGUST 7, 1917.

The following casualties in the Australian Imperial Force are reported under various dates:—

Officer—Previously reported missing, now reported killed.

INFANTRY.—Martin, T. H., Sec.-Lieut.

OFFICERS—WOUNDED.

ARTILLERY.—Dodd (M.C.), A. W., Major; King, D. B. A., Lieut.

ENGINEERS.—Mills, C. F., Capt.

INFANTRY.—Warden, W. W., Lieut.

OFFICER—CORRECTION.

Previously reported missing, now reported wounded and prisoner of war in German hands.
INFANTRY.—Smith, 300, S. B., should read Smith, S. B., Sec.-Lieut.

KILLED.

ARTILLERY.—Ashurst, 6421, J. K.; Birt, 1391, R. E.; Carmody, 1727, W.; Falkiner, 2718, F.; Reddie, 25879, A. T.

ENGINEERS.—Ward, 4007, F. H.

INFANTRY.—Allen, 2027, T.; Campbell, 2773, G.; Clapham, 35, B.; Coomer, 1980, A.; Jones, 2087, K. G.; McGregor, 2609, H.; McKenzie, 2363, T. G. H.; McKillop, 2950, D.; Moccatti, 2956, V. J.; Poole, 2122, W. G.; Ritchie, 2635, A. H.; Smith, 1465, A. R.; Stackler, 908, W. C.; Tribe, 885, F. R.

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.—Cox, 11935, J. C.; Krause, 12334, L. N.; Wilson, 3117, J.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

ARTILLERY.—Boyd, 5207, H. W.; St. Clair, 29160, C. M. D.

INFANTRY.—Burke, 23, J.; Clarke, 5057, F. L. R.; Gardiner, 1120, P. W.; Hosking, 1959, J. B.; Nicholls, 5091a, F. R.; O'Connor, 1966, D. E.
PIONEER BATTALION.—Thoroughgood, 3049, S.

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.—Pollard, 8530, E. C.

DIED.

LIGHT HORSE REGIMENT.—Meikle, 3010, W. L.; Price, 1340, G. A.

ENGINEERS.—Earl, 3597, E. W.

INFANTRY.—Fletcher, 7455, H. D.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.—Harris, 640, A. A.

WOUNDED.

LIGHT HORSE REGIMENT.—Butcher, 1540, H.; Crisp, 1857, S. F.; Fitzgerald, 2854, G.; Hollings, 937, R. D.; Hutchinson, 1096, T.; James, 2936, E. J.; Kennedy, 288, S. D.; McKane, 630, T.; Paton, 808, J.; Porritt, 2655, J. M.; Stevenson, 342, W.

WIRELESS COMPANY.—Grimshaw, 19282, L. V.

ARTILLERY.—Barrett, 1842, L. E.; Beckwith, 14572, E. H.; Bradley, 16153, A.; Carlisle, 31812, E. G.; Dale, 22230, H. F.; Davey, 2613, W. R.; Ely, 900, A. J.; Forsey, 2637, H. T.; Goddard, 22800, F. G.; Godson, 4076, J.; Hooke, 524, J.; Howarth, 395, A. A.; Johnson, 29533, A. V.; Johnston, 5301, G. F.; Lambert, 2901, A. H.; McKinnon, 19810, N. McL.; McQuillan, 23082, D.; Morrison, 186, H. W.; Munn, 2051, O. J.; Norton, 10592, S. H.; Oake, 9958, C. J.; Parsonson, 4403, G. C.; Prothero, 408, T. J.; Roberts, 4127, H. C.; Robson, 2628, T. H.; Royle, 6998, F. H.; Smiley, 3759, W. G.; Smith, 1804, W.; Thomson, 10886, M. E.; Todd, 21287, J. R.; Turner, 5294, A. D.; Wadsworth, 19654, J. A.; Watts, 1384, W.

ENGINEERS.—Lester, 7163, T.; O'Connell, 2432, J.; Tonks, 393, B.

CORRECTIONS.

CASUALTY LIST 134. 6/7/17.

MISSING.—INFANTRY.—Crane, 5330, R. P. Correct initials are E. P.

CASUALTY LIST 135. 9/7/17.

WOUNDED.—INFANTRY.—Wall, 1744, G. G. Correct initials are C. G.

CASUALTY LIST 137. 12/7/17.

DIED OF WOUNDS.—INFANTRY.—Roper, 1236, P. A. Correct initials are F. A.

WOUNDED.—INFANTRY.—Blomquist, 6264, H. W., should read Blomquist, 6264, H. W.

WOUNDED.—ENGINEERS.—McGre, 15475, C., should read McGee, 15475, C.

WOUNDED.—INFANTRY.—Denney, 2579, J., should read Henney, 2579, J.



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