

36th Div. Vets Say Clark Wasted Lives at Rapido

Call General Inefficient; WD Defends Him

BROWNWOOD, Tex., Jan. 20 (AP).—Veterans of the 36th (Texas) Inf. Div. yesterday adopted a resolution in a reunion meeting here in which they blamed Gen. Mark W. Clark for "wastefully and uselessly" sacrificing lives in a Rapido River engagement in Italy in January, 1944.

The resolution, adopted almost unanimously, called for a Congressional investigation of the two-day "Battle of Guts," which immediately preceded the Allied landing behind the German lines at Anzio.

Colossal Blunder

The resolution said in part: "Be it resolved that men of the 36th Div. Association . . . petition Congress to investigate the Rapido River fiasco and take necessary steps to correct a military system that will permit an inefficient and inexperienced officer such as Gen. Mark W. Clark in a high command to destroy young manhood of this country, and to prevent future soldiers being sacrificed wastefully and uselessly."

(The resolution condemning the bloody Italian battle as "one of the most colossal blunders of the war" was presented by Col. Carl L. Phinney, a Dallas attorney, and seconded by Maj. Gen. Claude V. Birkhead, of San Antonio, a former commander of the division. International News Service reported.

(Birkhead said that his only objection to the resolution was that "it is not strong enough," according to INS. Capt. A. F. Fisher, of Wichita Falls, Tex., a member of the 142nd Infantry, was the only dissenter. He termed the resolution absurd and contended that if Congressional investigations were to be started, there were many other actions that should be probed.

(INS said the resolution put the division's casualties at 2,900 in 48 hours and stated that subordinate commanders had repeatedly protested to Clark.

(Phinney's resolution blamed Clark for issuing the order in the



Gen. Mark Clark

face of protests made by Maj. Gen. Frank Walker, the division's commanding officer at the time. Walker defended the right of the veterans to demand an investigation, but had no other comment, INS said.

Herbert McCombie of Boston, division chairman, urged the investigation. Other speakers bitterly condemned Clark's order to cross the river.

The resolution brought an immediate response from Gen. Clark. (Continued on Page 8, Col. 2)

Army Eases Discharge Rules In Dependency, Hardship Cases

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19 (AP).—The Army has liberalized regulations to ease the release of men for reasons of dependency or hardship.

A restatement of the War Department policy, dated Jan. 1, said enlisted personnel would be discharged "if evidence submitted clearly indicated that the soldier's discharge will materially affect the care or support of the individual's family and will alleviate extreme and undue hardship."

The revised circular, dated Jan. 15, governing the return of military personnel from overseas for emergency reasons, provides for cases of hardship resulting from death or illness, which places responsibilities on the soldier which he cannot exercise from overseas.

At the same time the Army gave more hopeful news to 28,000 troops in Japan made eligible for discharge. Col. L. B. Shaw, Eighth Army Planning Officer, said they

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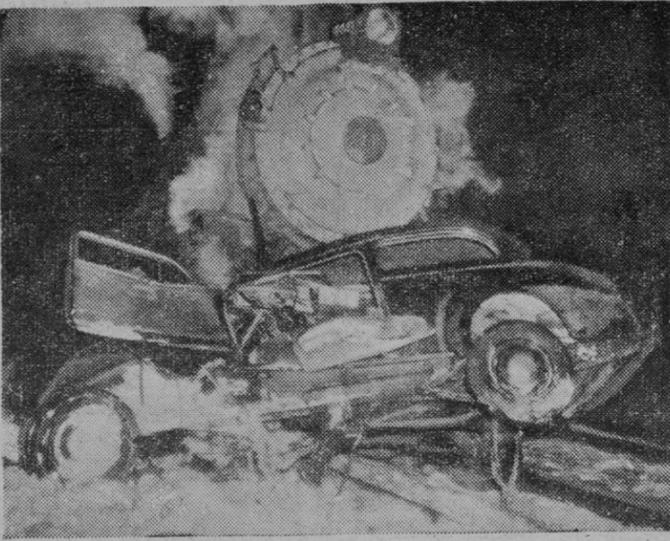
The Weather Today

PARIS: Fog, cloudy, max. temp. 33
 S. FRANCE: Cloudy — 53
 DOVER: Fog, cloudy — 40
 GERMANY: Cloudy — 35

Monday, Jan. 21, 1946

Death

The wreckage of an automobile in which two were killed, is shown crushed against the front of a B. and O. freight-train locomotive after a crash in Darby, Pa. The victims' bodies were dragged for more than a mile by the train.



De Gaulle Reported Ready To Resign in Cabinet Crisis

Gen. Charles de Gaulle, President of the French Republic, was reported last night to be drafting a message of resignation to Felix Gouin, president of the Constituent Assembly, as the climax of a Cabinet crisis in which he challenged the Communist Party to a showdown on whether the President or Parliament should wield the real power in the newborn Fourth Republic.

The crisis took the country completely by surprise yesterday when De Gaulle, without previous warning of major trouble, summoned the Cabinet and reportedly announced it would be impossible for him to remain at the head of the government unless the Communists accepted the principle of the present three-party rule as outlined by De Gaulle himself.

Reports that De Gaulle already had submitted his resignation were officially denied by André Malraux, Minister of Information, who said after the meeting that "there had been no question whatever of a political episode." Malraux indicated another Cabinet meeting would probably be held today. De Gaulle attended only the first 20 minutes of yesterday's Cabinet session.

Own Party Rumored

Reports that De Gaulle was also planning to take over leadership of his own political party—presumably the Popular Republican Movement—were also labeled as untrue.

The development that precipitated the crisis appeared to have been a Communist party suggestion that a Communist-Socialist coalition might take over to push through a left-wing constitution before next May.

Agree on 3 Points

Both Communists and Socialists now have completed their own constitution drafts. Although differing on various details, they agree on three fundamental points:

- 1—Creation of a single chamber of Parliament.
- 2—Conferring of full legislative power on Parliament.
- 3—Limitation under a strong safeguard of the executive powers of the President.

Meanwhile, former Socialist Premier Léon Blum, writing in the Socialist newspaper *Le Populaire*, urged that De Gaulle take complete personal charge of the nation's troubled food and economic crisis and "forcefully lead the country out of the dilemma in which it now finds itself."

De Gaulle himself will address the nation in a radio broadcast tonight, but is not expected to officially announce his resignation then because French parliamentary procedure requires that such an announcement be made first by the Constituent Assembly.

Atom Leader Raps Project, Wants to Quit

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20 (UP).—Because he believes American atomic research is "disintegrating," Maj. Gen. Leslie R. Groves, commander of the Army's atom bomb project, wants to resign his post.

The project he organized and supervised in war-time secrecy is "drifting," the general complained. "No policy has been adopted, key workers are leaving and the organization is disintegrating." Groves declared after a speech at the Commonwealth Club Saturday.

Urges Control by Group

Saying he believed that critical atomic decisions should be handled by a committee rather than by one man, the atom project commander added that he wanted to be relieved of "a load of responsibility in which decisions will affect the world for decades."

He warned that America faced disaster unless she maintained continued technological investigation and progress.

At the same time, the North Montana scientists who developed the atomic bomb sent warning letters to mayors of 42 American cities.

"In another war your city probably will be destroyed in the first hours of conflict," said the grim message from the Association of Los Alamos Scientists. "We know no adequate defense against atomic explosive now known or likely to be developed in the near future. We believe that only international control of these weapons can prevent the utter destruction of urban civilization within our lifetime."

Pictures Go With Note

With the letter went pictures of Nagasaki after its atomic bombing and a sample of the sand fused in the New Mexico desert by the first atomic bomb in history, together with a suggestion that they might be exhibited in city museums to show people just what the atomic bomb could do.

A more cheerful note on the atomic bomb came from Dr. Glenn Seaborg, co-discoverer of plutonium, the core of atomic bombs, who predicted harnessing of heat (Continued on Page 8, Col. 4)

Steel Plants Bank Furnaces As Strike Deadline Nears

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UP).—The nation's steel industry prepared for a shutdown today as the midnight deadline neared for 800,000 workers to go on strike. Sixty thousand steel workers already have jumped the gun in preliminary walkouts.

Blast furnaces were banked and by nightfall the plants of a few independent operators were the only ones open.

The steel workers will bring to almost 1,600,000 the number of men on strike in the U.S., and if the steel industry shutdown continues, many millions of other workers will be out of their jobs within a few weeks when steel-consuming industries will be forced to close.

Earlier strikes—such as those involving the General Motors Corp. and the electrical industry—important as they were in themselves, were merely advance skirmishes in what threatens to become the worst labor dispute in U.S. history.

Benjamin Fairless, president of the U.S. Steel Corp., flatly rejected President Truman's proposal for a settlement, which was only three and a-half cents over the steel company's offer of hourly wage increases of 15 cents.

(Meanwhile, Henry J. Kaiser, ship builder and steel executive, signed a separate contract with a CIO steel workers' union, granting the 18 1/2-cent wage increase. There are between 3,000 and 4,000 workers employed at his Fontana plant in California.)

(The Associated Press reported (Continued on Page 8, Col. 1)

AF General Found Dead

MANILA, Jan. 20 (UP).—Brig. Gen. Harold Mace, 38, staff officer of the Seventh Air Force, was found shot to death in his quarters today.

Mace, who was formerly chief of operations of the 20th Air Force in the Central Pacific during Super raids on Japan, apparently killed himself, according to military police, although no suicide note was found in his room.

Pacific S & S To Close Out

HONOLULU, Jan. 20 (UP).—The Pacific edition of *The Stars and Stripes* will cease publication Feb. 23 because of staff depletions through discharges. Editors of the Army newspaper said the decision was reached only "with greatest reluctance and after a search of the entire command failed to produce qualified personnel for continued editing, printing and distribution of the paper."

(One of the Army's most outspoken newspapers, the Pacific edition of *The Stars and Stripes* recently drew wide attention by its report of an interview with Secretary of War Robert Patterson, in which the official was described as "completely surprised that Army discharge points for overseas men had stopped accumulating on VJ-Day.")

Jap Teeth to Get Back Their Glitter from U.S.

TOKYO, Jan. 20 (UP).—Japanese buck teeth will get back their pre-war glitter soon, following Allied headquarters' authorization today of release to Japanese dentists of 170 kilograms of gold, 600 kilograms of silver and 10 kilograms of platinum per month for three months.

It was the first large amount of dental filling material made available to the Japanese since early in the war.

UNO May Study New Members; 'Oust Franco' Push Seen Gaining

LONDON, Jan. 20 (AP).—The admission of new European members to the Assembly of the United Nations Organization is likely to receive early discussion.

At the Preparatory Commission, Britain was hinting already that 12 additional European members should be admitted to the organization. France now is reported to be ready to join with Britain in proposing an early discussion of the suggestion.

Russia also is understood to be ready to propose the admission of the Baltic countries if and when the candidacies of western European countries are presented.

This week, when the Assembly committees begin their work in earnest, they will have before them the resolution on the creation of an atomic energy commission, the refugee problem and the question of trusteeships.

The organization faces its really (Continued on Page 8, Col. 3)

LONDON, Jan. 20 (UP).—A behind-the-scenes movement at the UNO Constituent Assembly to overthrow Gen. Francisco Franco and re-establish the Spanish Republic was seen today to be gaining momentum.

The Byelo-Russian delegation is preparing a memorandum to the Assembly requesting that UNO require Franco's surrender of German officers now in Spain who had committed atrocities and exacted reparations during the Nazi occupation of that Russian republic.

Observers believe that, were the Byelo-Russian demand placed on the UNO agenda, it would lead to a full-scale study of the entire Franco regime, including the possibility of joint action by the United Nations to force Franco to surrender his government.

Russia and France were seen by these observers as ready to support Franco's overthrow and restoration (Continued on Page 8, Col. 5)



Raps Job Muddle

The following is a sample of my fruitless efforts to obtain any of the supposedly available jobs for discharged Army and Red Cross personnel: Six months ago I wrote to AMG Hq stating my qualifications in welfare administration, social work, historical research, writing and investigation. Four months later I received a reply that no female personnel are being hired at present. Several female colleagues have been hired recently by AMG, and they told me that Army contacts were helpful in securing jobs for them. But they will not actually begin work for several months, as AMG Personnel is so messed up.

My application with UNRRA in Paris was answered by a letter stating that since I am an American citizen I should send my application to Washington, D.C. I did. I also received a reply from Washington stating that as I am stationed in Paris, I should apply to the nearest Paris office of UNRRA!

At AG Civilian Personnel, Paris, my original application was lost and my later application has never been acted upon. Yet stories keep appearing in The Stars and Stripes of the need for qualified personnel in my own line.

When available jobs are wrapped up in such complications, government agencies should not state that it is difficult to secure qualified help.—Asst. Field Director, ARC.

One Gone, One to Go

I understood the new deal of having emergency furloughs come through the Adjutant General's office was to save time. The Red Cross notified my mother that an emergency furlough had been granted to me through Washington. It also stated that I was notified Nov. 27 and would be home on the first available transportation.

It is the 17th of December and I have heard nothing about it. Now why doesn't someone get on the ball?—Lt. W. A. Swartz, 303 TC Sq.

Editor's Note: The above letter was referred to the Adjutant General, USFET (Main), who replied that the War Department sent approval but with an incomplete address. The correct address was received on Jan. 3 and the officer is to be returned to the U.S. by air.

On Nov. 29th, I received a radiogram from Washington stating that my emergency furlough had been approved. It is now the 21st of December and I am still waiting. USFET informs me that they have not received any word from the War Department regarding my furlough so that I must wait.

On Dec. 1, Washington stated that they had changed the procedure so that processing for emergency furloughs would be speeded up. What happened?—Pfc R. T. Thorne, 4472 QM Trk Co.

Editor's Note: The above letter was referred to the Adjutant General, USFET (Main), who replied that check was made on above furlough but as of Jan. 4 authority had not been received from Washington.

Up to People, He Says

The people of the U.S. should decide now whether or not they wish to continue to occupy conquered countries. If they do, Selective Service must continue for as long as the occupation is in effect.

It is not the Army's fault that redeployment has stopped. If Congress refuses to continue to draft men and insists upon an occupation, the Army has no alternative but to stop redeployment.

Let us not fool ourselves; there will not be enough volunteers for an army of occupation.—Capt. Edwin Kiss Loir, DTC.

Job for 'Idle Engineer'

Apparently the "Idle Engineer" and his friends who have nothing to do are displaced persons, for they certainly could be utilized in this organization. Our base utilities are grossly understaffed and entirely dependent upon oftentimes inefficient civilian labor.

As an example of the desperate conditions prevalent here, consider my office. Under its revised occupational status it should be manned by six officers and 12 enlisted men; I am the sole lone survivor of the redeployment rush. Consequently I am forced to work until the wee hours of the night to complete the most vital duties. And now they tell us that there is still twice the personnel required to meet occupational strength.—2d Lt., 366th FTB, Gp.

A King's OK, Says a Would-Be King But Many Homeless Monarchs Are Finding Going Pretty Tough These Days

MONTREUX, Switzerland, Jan. 20 (INS).—Don Juan, third son of the late King Alphonso XIII of Spain and Bourbon pretender to the Spanish throne, denied emphatically in his first interview in years that he had entered negotiations with the Spanish Caudillo, Generalissimo Francisco Franco.

The Duke of Barcelona, as he is registered at his hotel, told Robert Wadsworth, INS correspondent, that he was amazed at reports circulating about him and added:

"But I speak with many monarchists who come to see me, and they probably spread the stories."

Looking jaunty in perfectly fitting evening clothes, Don Juan chatted breezily, but was evasive about specific questions, meeting most queries with a jocular return of questions about American soldiers.

He expressed concern about the actions and thinking of U.S. soldiers and their bearing on the future of democracy, and declared that future U.S. isolationism would be "a tragedy for Europe."

Doesn't Seem Burdened

Don Juan is a happy family man who is not convinced that he will ever join the ranks of the last handful of European monarchs. He does not seem to be a man about to be burdened with the worries of ruling a country whose policies have been widely criticized, but more easily a movie hero of the Douglas Fairbanks type.

The Spanish pretender would leave the question of hereditary right of the monarchy to the free will of the people. "My collaborators and I are doing everything possible with all sincerity to bring about a largely democratic regime which would be patterned after those of Britain, the U.S., the Netherlands and the Scandinavian countries," he asserted.

"A monarchy is absolutely compatible with the profound social reforms which have resulted from the war."

Cites Possible Reforms

"Under a monarchy it would be possible to undertake these reforms in the interest of the country: Immediate adoption of a constitution with popular suffrage, recognition of human rights and corresponding political liberties, establishment of a legislative assembly elected by the nation, a general political amnesty and recognition of particular regions, equitable assessment of wealth and suppression of social differences which are in flagrant contradiction with the political conditions of our epoch."

Don Juan has gone on record as declaring that he would not accept the throne in a plebiscite organized by Franco, but that he would accept the democratic decision of the nation. He thinks Spain should adopt a new political orientation on an international plane—some-



Don Juan

thing not possible under the present regime.

He believes Franco's misdeeds are repairable. While he thinks the principles of the Atlantic Charter might not apply to internal politics in particular states, he says he is entirely in accord with the general directives of the Charter.

Russians Reported Planning Lengthy Stay in Kuriles

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (INS).—Responsible Government sources reported today that the Soviet Union is substantially reinforcing its forces on the Kurile Islands in the Pacific.

The Russians were said to be moving in the wives and families of their personnel, indicating the intention of long-term occupation. State Department sources said that no concern was felt about this development inasmuch as the sphere of the Russian occupation was agreed upon at the Berlin conference at which Russia agreed to join in the war against Japan.

The Russians, it was assumed, plan to occupy the Kuriles as long as the U.S. occupies main Japanese islands. The Kuriles extend from the northernmost tip of Hokkaido to the end of the Kamchatka Peninsula.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (INS).—Like millions of less prominent folk, kings and princes are having a bad time these days. More and more of them are joining that vast army of displaced persons who have no homes of their own. Prince Peter of Greece, cousin of that country's exiled King George II, summed up the situation for crowned heads recently in a few words: "Royalty is going somewhat out of fashion these days."

Recognizing the handwriting on the wall, Peter has announced that he would become a plain Danish citizen. He chose Denmark because the Greek royal family stems from there.

Peter no doubt has in mind the tribulations of cousin George, who has had to get out of Greece twice in a great hurry. In 1925 a revolution deprived him of his throne. Restored in 1935, George reigned only six years before being forced into exile in London by the invading Germans in 1941.

His Neighbor Peter

Until recently, the Greek king had as a neighbor in his swank London hotel another regent-in-exile—Peter of Yugoslavia. Peter succeeded his father, King Alexander I, at the age of 11 after the latter's assassination in Marseille in 1934. In 1944 he married Princess Alexandra of Greece, who bore him a son.

Peter's return to Yugoslavia is prohibited by the Tito government, but he received \$32,000 a month from Belgrade until last December, when the payments ceased. Late last month Britain and the U.S. recognized Tito's republic and thus



King George of Greece

has quit his London hotel to live in a rural section of England with his family.

Leopold Also Homeless

King Leopold III of the Belgians is another homeless monarch, now exiled in Switzerland. A prisoner of the Germans from 1940 until he was liberated by U.S. troops in 1944, Leopold's expectation of regaining his throne was dashed last year when the Belgian Parliament rejected him.

Other regal exiles are Carol of Romania and Zog of Albania. Carol, who quit Bucharest with his mistress Magda Lupescu under a hail of bullets in 1940, is now in Brazil. While temporarily living in Mexico, he tried to enter the U.S., presumably to seek naturalization, but admission was denied.

Zog is in England with his half-American Queen Geraldine and their son, Alexander. He was forced to leave Albania in 1938, when Mussolini's forces overran the country. With an Albanian republic proclaimed, Zog has little prospect of reigning ever again.

Homeless too, is Archduke Otto, who regards himself as Emperor of Austria and King of Hungary. The son of the late Emperor Charles, who abdicated in 1918, Otto resided for several years in the U.S. Several weeks ago he went hopefully to Austria but was promptly ordered out.



Leopold

ended Peter's hope of returning to his throne.

As a result, the rejected monarch has announced that he would henceforth be known as George Karageorgevitch, his family name. He

Talent Needed to Keep GI Show Units Alive

FRANKFURT, Jan. 20.—An appeal for soldier talent of all descriptions to keep soldier-show units going was issued today by Theater Special Service officials.

Redeployment has thinned the ranks of GI entertainers, and soldiers with ability as actors, authors, musicians and dancers are urged to contact their unit Special Service Officers.

Danes Reject U.S. Offer Of 23 Millions for Ships

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 20 (INS).—An American offer to pay Danish ship owners \$23,000,000 for 40 vessels taken over during the war was rejected last night.

Ship owners asked \$45,000,000 for the ships, only 17 of which are still afloat, and declared that if the sum was not forthcoming they would seek settlement in American courts.

Willie and Joe

By Mauldin



"According to you, Mister, I've been spending the last three years helping my worst enemies kill my best friends."

G.I. BILLBOARD advertisement with illustrations of soldiers and a billboard.

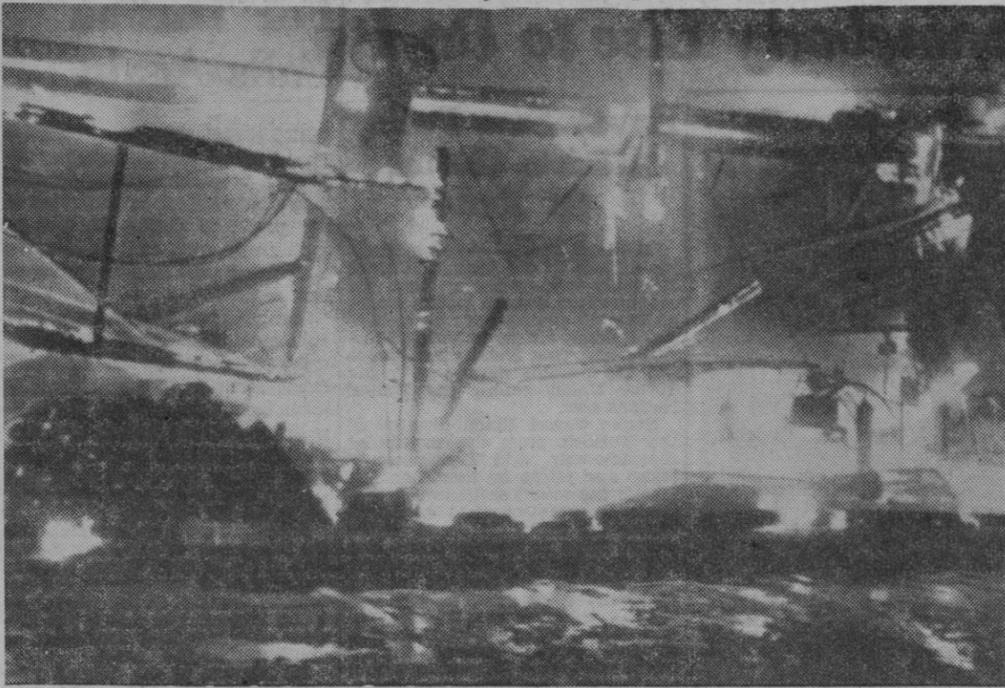
Paris Area MOVIES TODAY advertisement listing theaters like MARIIGNAN, ENSA PARIS, and OLYMPIA, along with showtimes and prices.

Metz advertisement listing theaters like SCALA and ROYAL, and showtimes.

THE STARS AND STRIPES advertisement for the Western Europe Edition, including contact information and subscription details.



Detroit Steel Factory Goes Up in Flames



Twisted steel and blazing wood are all that is left of this section of the Gar Wood factory, Detroit. By coincidence, two other serious fires also broke out in the Detroit region within 12 hours of this one.

On the Veterans' Front

Senators to Launch Bill for Priority In Purchases of Surplus War Goods

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (AP).—Proposed legislation to give veterans preference in buying surplus war goods took the lead today in a welter of Governmental activity on veterans' benefits.

Preference second only to that given the Federal Government would be granted veterans in purchasing for their personal use surplus government property under a bill Sen. Joseph C. O'Mahoney (D-Wyo.) intends to introduce in the Senate tomorrow. Sen. Burnet R. Maybank (D-S.C.) is co-sponsor of the measure.

O'Mahoney told reporters that he had written Reconversion Director John W. Snyder urging him to declare surplus the largest possible quantity of civilian-type goods most in demand by veterans.

O'Mahoney's proposal followed a blast by Rep. Paul W. Shafer (R-Mich.), who said that efforts of veterans to buy surplus war goods "have met with failure, frustration, red tape and a perpetual run-around."

The Federal Housing Administration announced that a new priority system to channel scarce building materials into housing for veterans was operating throughout the country, according to the United Press. Under the FHA program, about half the critically short materials produced this year will be made available for homes costing \$10,000 or less, or to rent for not more than \$80 per month.

Purchase of a 17 1/2-acre site in Decatur, Ill., for the erection of a 250-bed general, medical, and surgical hospital for veterans has been approved by President Truman, the Veterans Administration announced yesterday. The tract cost \$44,000.

At the same time, a petition that the Government keep open the Thomas M. England Army Hospital in Atlantic City, N.J., for servicemen who have lost limbs was presented to the Senate Military Affairs Committee by three soldiers, all of whom have lost limbs.

Bergens to Marry 2d Time

HOLLYWOOD, Jan. 20 (AP).—Edgar Bergen and his wife, the former Frances Westerman, 23-year-old model and singer, plan to repeat their marriage vows in Los Angeles in keeping with a promise made to Mrs. Bergen's mother when the pair were first married at Sonora, Mexico, last June 23.

Wolves Hunt Human Prey
Starved Beasts Terrorize Canadians

REGINA, Saskatchewan, Jan. 20 (UP).—Packs of black Arctic wolves which have been making bold raids on farm livestock are spreading terror among settlements of Northern Saskatchewan. A report that one field officer was killed by wolves has not been verified.

Farm mothers are keeping their children home from school following a warning from the game commissioner that the hungry beasts are striking from the sparsely settled woodlands which they have stripped of food, and that they are not the ordinary timber-wolves which attack human beings only when cornered.

The Saskatchewan government has doubled the bounty on wolves, from \$10 to \$20, and hunters are going into action.

Official Urges U.S. Sponsor Schools

CLEVELAND, Jan. 20 (UP).—The National Education Association's Veterans' Education Conference today was faced with the threat of nationalized GI universities "in attempting to solve problems growing out of the surge of veterans to their campuses."

College and university leaders indicated that they would fight such a suggestion with all their resources after Dr. Alonzo G. Grace, Connecticut Commissioner of Education, had proposed Government-sponsored schools as a solution to the overwhelming demand for higher education by former servicemen.

"It is evident that by September, thousands of veterans will not be able to enter established universities of their own choice," Dr. Grace said. "It is my judgment that the Federal Government has the responsibility to take over training facilities, including Army and Navy camps, and establish college and university opportunities for youth."

He said that such a program should be for non-service youths and that veterans should get first priority on established colleges.

Plenty of Room for Ex-GIs Reported by Junior Colleges

CHICAGO, Jan. 20 (AP).—Junior colleges can accommodate five times the number of veterans presently enrolled in such institutions, a survey disclosed today.

The survey, conducted among 90 representatives of colleges attending the American Association of Junior Colleges Convention, showed the present enrollment of veterans in the member colleges to be 17,000, with 38,000 expected by September.

Columbia Offers Courses For Ex-Medical Officers

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (UP).—Columbia University announced this week that it was giving a new series of 200 medical refresher courses to discharged medical officers.

The courses, which run from one to eight weeks, are expected to accommodate about 2,000 veterans.

For medical officers who want more complete clinic training, the university is offering a series of two to six-month courses consisting of work in wards and the outpatient service of the Presbyterian Hospital of the Medical Center, Goldwater Memorial Hospital and Bellevue Hospital.

The third part of the rehabilitation program is residence training of two to five years in all clinical fields.

Dutch Girl Stowaway On Troop Ship to U.S.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (UP).—Helma Tibeth, 24, a native of Holland, has been placed in the custody of immigration officers after being discovered as a stowaway aboard the troopship Stevens Victory when it docked here.

The girl, who has lived most of her life in Germany, said both her parents were killed during the war, and that she spent some time in a concentration camp.

Mom Sobs for Joy At Break for 'Joey'

WALLINGTON, N.J., Jan. 20 (INS).—Mrs. Bertha Hicswa, wept with joy today at the report that Gen. Douglas MacArthur would review the death sentence of her 20-year-old son, Pfc Joseph E. Hicswa, who was convicted recently of killing of two Japanese civilians.

"My Joey couldn't do that thing they accused him of," Mrs. Hicswa said. "He'd fight with his fists, not with a knife—he was too soft and too good-natured."

She hoped he would be able to return soon to the U.S. to see his 18-month-old baby sister whom he hadn't seen since her birth. Hicswa, who was seized the day before he was to board a ship for redeployment to the U.S., had denied killing the pair.

WALLINGTON, N.J., Jan. 20 (UP).—A 55-year-old neighbor of 20-year-old Joseph Hicswa, under death sentence in Japan for the slaying of two Japanese civilians, asserted today he was "disturbed with life" and offered his own in place of that of the New Jersey soldier. The man's name was withheld.

The American Scene:

Ex-GI Janes Spurning College, Educator Says

CHICAGO, Jan. 20 (AP).—The percentage of former servicewomen entering universities under the GI Bill of Rights was described today as "considerably lower" than that of discharged servicemen by Dr. Jesse P. Bougu, president of the Green Mountain (Vt.) Junior College.

Bogue based his statement on reports received at the American Association of Junior Colleges convention here—but believed that the same situation existed in colleges generally.

Free Detroit-L.A. Cab Ride Offered GIs

DETROIT, Jan. 20 (AP).—An East Los Angeles cab driver offered today to take five stranded servicemen to the West Coast—free. Eddie Hamud Coowner explained that he had come east to buy some spare parts. "With the meter out," Coowner said, "she'll accommodate five nicely." The cabbie said he had given five sailors a "lift" on his trip east.

Sugar Price Rises to Assure Imports

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UP).—American housewives were told today that after Feb. 3 they must pay three cents more for each five-pound sugar ration.

The price increase is to assure importation in 1946 of some 5,000,000 tons of sugar from Cuba, Puerto Rico and Hawaii. If Congress doesn't approve the payment of \$25,000,000 in sugar subsidies this year, another retail price hike will be necessary, Government officials said.

Fourth Set of Twins in 4 Years

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Jan. 20 (AP).—Mrs. W. J. Dabney, 32, today gave birth to her fourth set of twins in a little less than four years. Her first child, a son, was born in 1937. A second son came two years later and the first set of twins in 1942. Six of the twins are girls, two are boys. Today's arrivals were girls. Dabney, 42, and partially blind, is a retired naval stores worker.

Browder Bros. in Business Venture

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (UP).—The Browder brothers, former Communist leaders, have gone into business. Earl Browder, who was national secretary of the Communist Party 14 years before being deposed, and William, former party treasurer, have opened an office under the name "Distributors Guide."

Neither of the brothers would comment on the business, but it was learned that they would publish a monthly service advising retail merchants where to obtain hard-to-get merchandise.

Both brothers are still members of the party.

The American Scene—Lovely, No?



Arlene Sundquist, 20, a professional model, is turning the tables by taking up photography. Anyone want to volunteer as a model?

Poles, Turkey Won't Bring Problems to UNO, But Poland Would Like Somebody Else to Do It

Leopold's Bid For Throne Fails Again

British Get Note Asking Quick Solution

LONDON, Jan. 20 (UP).—Polish quarters here said today they would not bring the present Anglo-Polish conflict regarding the future of Polish forces under British command before the UNO but would be pleased if somebody else would do so.

It was learned that the Polish government presented a strongly-worded note to the British government asking for speeding up of the solution regarding Polish armed forces in Britain, Germany, and particularly those in Italy under the command of Gen. H. Anders.

International Issue

The note reportedly pointed out that this was no longer a mere Anglo-Polish problem, but an issue assuming international scope because of the presence in Europe of a large army whose commanders were violently anti-Russian and against the present Warsaw government.

The Polish government suggested that Britain hand over the command of Polish forces willing to return to the homeland and demobilize the others. An alternative was to demobilize the entire Polish Army and repatriate as civilians those who desired to return to Poland.

250,000 in Europe

Polish forces in Europe have been continually strengthened since the war and now total about 250,000. The aggressive attitude of the commanding officers makes such forces a danger to peace, the Polish government said.

It was reported that Anders has been invited to London, and also the British military attaché to Warsaw, presumably to discuss the demands in the Polish note.

20,000 Italians To Work in France

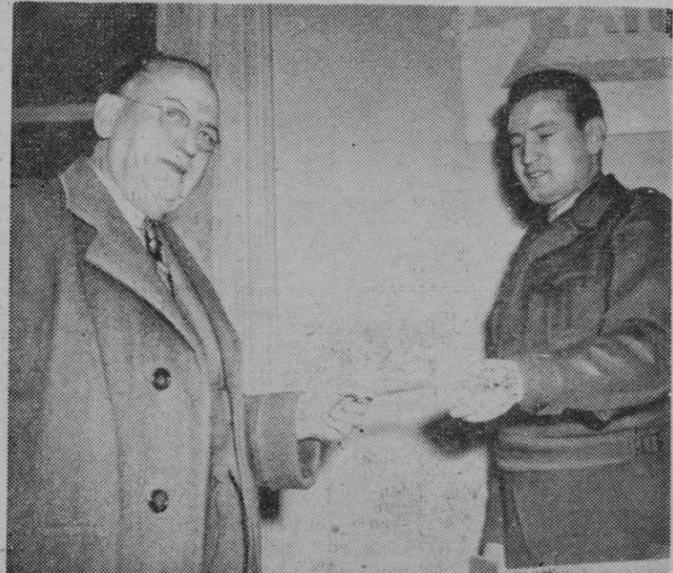
Twenty thousand Italian workers will come to France in the near future to fill jobs in industry, agriculture and mining, a government announcement disclosed yesterday. A French committee will visit Italy to discuss further availability of Italian labor. In addition to the Italians, 1,500 Moroccan natives will arrive soon to work in mines, the announcement said.

Navy Plans Bomb to Aid in Finding Survivors

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UP).—The Navy disclosed today that it was developing a low cost five-pound bomb which will be installed in life rafts as part of a new system of locating survivors of ship and plane disasters.

The bomb detonates when it reaches a depth of 3,000 to 4,000 feet under water. The explosion would be recorded on underwater telephones, and the location of the life raft would be pin-pointed on a map.

Selling First Commercial Ticket for EATS Travel



With opening of commercial air routes by European Air Transport Service, civilian travel has been facilitated. Melford H. Johnson, Hoboken, N.J., (left) is shown buying the first ticket sold at the Paris booking office from Capt. James P. Coen, Johnson, of the War Shipping Administration, booked passage to London.

Missing Polish Jews Turn Up in American Sector



A party of Polish Jews who disappeared from a crowded hostel in the Russian sector of Berlin is shown arriving in the U.S. camp.

Poland's Seizure of Industries Hits \$50,000,000 U.S. Interests

WARSAW, Jan. 20 (AP).—American interests involved in Poland's nationalization of industries were estimated unofficially at approximately \$50,000,000 today and British interests at \$28,000,000.

American capital is principally concentrated in the Giesche works, near Katowice, which include collieries, foundries, chemical plants and zinc smelting. Anacoda Copper is believed to be the heaviest investor.

Gilbert Holliday, commercial secretary to the British Embassy, said the best information available showed British investments were particularly heavy in the case of the Prudential Insurance Co., electrical corporations, the oil and soap concern of Unilever, Ltd., and J. P. Coates cotton thread industry. The firms are situated in the lower Silesian cities of Lodz and Cracow.

Minister of Industry Hilary Minc, who is now drafting a plan to compensate foreign owners for properties that were nationalized, estimated total foreign investments in Poland's industries in 1939 at \$280,000,000. He said one third of this was German, which was now nationalized without compensating any owners. American, British, French and Belgian concerns account for the majority of the remainder of the capital.

An American Embassy official said it had been made clear that the U.S. did not protest against Poland's right as a sovereign nation to nationalize industries, but the 1931 pact with Poland permitted free entry and the development of interests by American businessmen.

Brigadier Eats Despite Unions

CANBERRA, Jan. 20 (AP).—The Duke of Gloucester's aide, Brig. D. S. Schreiber, and his wife, Viscountess Clive, continued to eat three meals a day yesterday despite a tight blackball on their household by aroused Canberra trade unions. Union leaders applied the "no service" order that stopped deliveries of bread and milk and even service by shopkeepers in retaliation for what they alleged was "victimization" by Schreiber of his former valet, Ernest Fields, a veteran of Dunkirk.

An official government inquiry into the case, which was labeled an "industrial dispute," was adjourned until Monday with the possibility that Schreiber might be called as a witness. He has denied the union assertion that he used his influence with a brewery to force a Canberra hotel to dismiss Fields from a bartending job.

Schreiber has announced that he and his wife planned to return to England.

Food for the Schreiber household was obtained by some of the Viscountess Clive's domestics who are not members of any union. Shopkeepers, also not union members, said that they would personally serve Schreiber employees although they could not compel their clerks to do so.

The Government inquiry was carried over the weekend after a closed conference between G. A. Findlay, the inquiry commissioner, union officials and F. Bacon, licensee of the hotel from which Fields was discharged as barman.

Schreiber was feeling other effects of his dispute with Fields. His gardener has left and his automobile, in need of servicing, waits in a Government garage where union men refuse to touch it.

8th Fleet Chief Says He Can Wear 4 Stars

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 20 (AP).—Marc A. Mitscher, recently appointed commander of the Eighth Fleet, returned to his native Wisconsin wearing the stripes of full admiral. Mitscher told a press conference, prior to speaking before the mid-winter conference of the Wisconsin American Legion, that he had "authority to wear the four stars" by reason of his appointment as fleet commander, which becomes effective in March.

Envoy Says Policy Resists Claims Of Reds

LONDON, Jan. 20 (AP).—A Turkish official at the United Nations Assembly said yesterday that his government's foreign policy would be directed against resisting unofficial Russian claims to Turkish territory, but that Turkey would not put the possible dispute with the Soviet Union before the United Nations now.

Nedim Veysel Ikim, director of the Turkish press department at the Assembly, said Turkey would resist any effort by Russia to follow up the recent suggestion of two Georgian professors that the Soviet Union lay claim to about 12,500 square miles of Turkish Black Sea territory adjacent to Soviet Armenia.

He said Turkey had no present problem for the peace agency, but that in the event of a future question falling within the competence of the United Nations Turkey would surely seek its solution within the framework of this organization.

'Intervention' Hit by Greeks

ATHENS, 20 (AP).—Protest against "the intervention of foreign reactionaries who strengthen and support corrupt Greek political factions" was voiced in a resolution on behalf of the 150,000 followers of Greece's extreme left-wing parties at a mass meeting in Athens football stadium today.

The resolution, which was adopted, was read out over loudspeakers to people overflowing the stadium into the streets. While the resolution did not refer directly to Britain, on several recent occasions the Greek leftists have described British influence in Greece as "intervention."

The only speaker at the stadium today, former Gen. Alexander Othonaios made a violent attack on the king and monarchists. He charged the "clique surrounding the king which has exploited the people since Greece became an independent state" with "perpetuating this abominable dissension" among Greek people.

French Close Deal For U.S. Rail Cars

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (AP).—The French Mission of Industrial Production here has completed negotiations for the purchase of 36,000 freight cars from American railway car building firms, it was learned today.

The cars, expected to be delivered before the end of 1946, will be used specifically to bolster the railway service of metropolitan France.

The Mission spokesman explained that out of a total of 450,000 freight cars in France at the beginning of the war, only about 200,000 were left after the Germans were driven out of the country.

Arnold III, Misses U.S. Embassy Reception

LIMA, Peru, Jan. 20 (AP).—Gen. Henry H. Arnold, Chief of the U.S. Army Air Force, was under treatment at an American clinic for a heart ailment which prevented his attending a U.S. Embassy reception in his honor, Friday night.

Arnold, who is making a tour of the west coast of south America, became ill early Friday. He received the cross of the Peruvian Aviation Order by proxy at the state dinner.

Reds in Mass Suicide Fought For Russia's 'Greatest Traitor'

FRANKFURT, Jan. 20 (AP).—The Russians who killed and mutilated themselves in mass suicide hysteria at the Dachau internment camp have been identified as members of White Russian Cossack squadrons of Gen. Vlassov who fought beside the Germans against the Red Army throughout the Eastern Front war.

The wave of self-extermination broke out Friday as U.S. authorities prepared to repatriate the men to Russia. Ten succeeded in killing themselves while 21 others inflicted

BRUSSELS, Jan. 20 (Reuter).—The Belgian Government has refused a proposal by King Leopold that a referendum be submitted to the people to decide whether he shall return from exile or abdicate, after the general election to be held next month.

The proposal and refusal were announced at a press conference today by Achille Van Acker, Belgian Prime Minister. He said the king wrote from Lake Geneva, where he is living with his family, to renew his request that the Belgian Government publish the whole of its case against him at the same time as he published his defense.

Arguing that a referendum was the sole means of obtaining a clear idea of the people's wishes, Leopold stated that if the nation did not "decide, frankly, in my favor," he would abdicate but that if the Belgians gave him their confidence he would resume the throne.

All but one of the Belgian political parties have rejected the referendum offer, Van Acker said in his reply to the king, on the basis that "agitation which would necessarily accompany the referendum proposed by Your Majesty is incompatible with the calming of spirits" at a time when dividing factors must be avoided. "The Chamber of Deputies has already decided that a referendum would be incompatible with the constitution," he concluded. "The government is not qualified to revise this decision."

UNRRA Ups Italian Imports

ROME, Jan. 20 (AP).—Italian Premier Alcide de Gasperi signed a new United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation agreement yesterday providing for an estimated fifty-fold increase in 1946 of Italian imports of industrial raw materials and agricultural and consumer goods.

Surgeon M. Keeny, chief of the UNRRA mission to Italy, said the new program would be "scarcely enough for essential Italian imports in 1946," but that the increase would "hold the line for a few months while trade is being reorganized."

The full program was expected to involve expenditures of \$450,000,000. It is estimated that the bulk of imports will be stepped from two boatloads a month to about 100 boatloads.

Under the agreement, the aid given to mothers, children, displaced persons and the sick will be expanded.

Meanwhile, the Italians have completed commercial negotiations with the Austrian government in Vienna and have reached agreement on the exchange of essential goods between the two countries. The exchange plan must still be approved by Allied military authorities.

Election in Greece Set for March 31

ATHENS, Jan. 20 (AP).—Archbishop Damaskinos, the Greek Regent, signed a decree Saturday night fixing March 31 as the date of the Greek general election.

The legislature to be elected will be restricted to the revision of clauses in the constitution not affecting the form or structure of the present state.

The Revisionary Chamber will hold its first session May 13.

wounds as the deportation train was being loaded. Vlassov, who was wanted by Russian authorities before the war, had been called Russia's "greatest traitor." Soviet troops had sworn to hunt down every one of his men, while Vlassov's forces in turn vowed never to be captured alive. The Germans used the group of Russians as much for propaganda purposes as for front-line action. The German radio reported them one day in Poland and the next in Yugoslavia. They used the force for depredations throughout frontal areas where they raped and plundered, disguised as Red Army troops.

To Play Role of King's Mistress



Peggy Cummins, 20-year-old green-eyed London actress, has won the role of Amber in 20th Century-Fox's version of Kathleen Windsor's sexy best-seller "Forever Amber." The role has been called Hollywood's best since Scarlett O'Hara.

2 British Officers, 1 Jew Die In New Terrorist Bomb Attacks

JERUSALEM, Jan. 20 (AP).—Two British officers and one Jew were killed and one British police officer and four Jews were wounded in a new series of bomb attacks here last night, attributed by the military radio station to Jewish terrorists.

The bomb attacks, supported by small-arms fire, were said to have been directed against an electric power station in St. Paul's Road and against the Palestine Broadcasting station. The first of several explosions in scattered sections of the city apparently put the power station out of operation. All four of the wounded Jews were arrested.

British military and police armored cars rushed through the streets immediately after the first attack at 8 PM and patrols had established a cordon around the disturbed area when the last explosion occurred shortly before 11 PM. A strict curfew was clamped down until further notice.

Meanwhile, the Jewish organization, Irgun Zvai Leumi, was reported to have tossed bombs containing leaflets in Tel Aviv and Ramat Gan. The leaflets said: "We will fight to the last drop of blood."

2 Killed in Eritrea Camp Were Holy Land Deportees

JERUSALEM, Jan. 20 (AP).—It was understood here today that the two men killed and 12 wounded in recent disturbances in a Jewish detainee camp in Eritrea were in the group of 52 deported from Palestine as suspected terrorists three weeks ago.

The 52 were said to have been housed in a separate camp in Eritrea. The total of Jews detained in the former Italian colony is said to be about 250.

Today's Jewish papers demanded appointment of a Palestine Jewish inquiry committee to investigate the Eritrea disturbance. The Jewish press is demanding return of all Jewish detainees from Eritrea.

German Scientists 'Idle' in U.S. Zone

BERLIN, Jan. 20 (AP).—An American Military Government authority on scientific research stated yesterday that more than 450 German scientists remain idle in the U.S. zone. He said many of these were held in jail because of mandatory arrest directives applied indiscriminately.

The German scientists were described as wandering about without work or funds, except for those who found their way into the British zone, where they have been employed under British military direction.

In addition, he said that many of those still in jail had no charges against them, and that failure to use their knowledge for jobs which must be done in Germany was "criminally stupid."

And She Still Likes Nazism

Hitler's Secretary Wants Mother, But Would Fight Again

NUREMBERG, Jan. 20 (UP).—Adolf Hitler's former confidential secretary, Fraulein Johanna Wolf, would "go home to mother" if the Americans released her—but the 45-year-old spinster said in an interview today that she would "fight again for my ideals" if the opportunity arose.

Expressing blind faith in the ideals of Nazism eight months after collapse of the Third Reich, and protesting ignorance of its atrocities, the secretary who joined Hitler in 1929 and was with him to the last asserted that "the Fuehrer's ideals will live in the hearts of men."

She refused to comment on questions regarding Hitler and Eva Braun, declaring "such relations involve only them and were nobody else's business."

The stocky, greying Johanna talked pleasantly of her last days in Berlin—but stubbornly refused to comment on the ideals of her Fuehrer.

She said she had left Berlin by plane early on the morning of April 21, because "the Fuehrer could see that the fighting was coming nearer, and he was afraid we couldn't stand it."

Johanna asserted that not until the last did Hitler admit that the war was lost, adding, "Even then he didn't tell us anything about it—but seem-

ed broken completely and his manner indicated the fight must be given up."

Although she disclaims knowledge of Hitler's reported marriage to his long-time mistress, Johanna said that: "It is conceivable he wanted to confirm their relationship by marriage." She ridiculed reports that Eva had borne the Fuehrer any children, asserting that if there had been any, "I'd have heard of it." She said the two children pictured with Eva and Hitler belonged to Frau Bertha Schneider, wife of an Army colonel, and a friend of Eva's.

She replied harshly that she was "in no position to comment" when asked for her opinion of "the thousand-year Reich" and its chances of survival.

Fraulein Wolf seethed with apparent annoyance and hatred at questions regarding Nazi philosophy, but asserted that she believed "the ideas were good."

Reminded of the annihilation of millions and the torture of thousands of others in concentration camps, she said she regretted that it had happened, but added, "I knew nothing about it." Visibly shaken and unnerued, Miss Wolf said she had never seen a concentration camp, and that Hitler has said they were used solely to hold persons of different opinion than National Socialists, and that they were well treated.

Meat Exports May Be Cut By Walkout

CHICAGO, Jan. 20 (AP).—U.S. meat exports will diminish if the packing house strike continues very much longer, government and industry spokesmen are agreed, though they said they did not anticipate an immediate effect.

Government purchasing agents said the key to the export situation lay in the cold-storage stocks. These have been estimated at a total of 611,000,000 pounds of meat of all types, including 180,000,000 pounds of beef and 322,000,000 of pork.

Stocks Increased

As of Jan. 1, these figures represented a "substantial gain" over December, but were running below the year's average, it was said. If the total of stored meat was held by the Government, an expert estimated, it would last the trade for about three months.

However, the exact extent of government holdings could not be learned. Packers have been setting aside 30 percent of the two top grades of beef for the armed forces, as well as large proportions of meat of other grades for export by the Government. None of the packers exports directly.

60 Percent Tie-up

The nine struck packing houses slaughter 60 percent of all the meat in the country. The remaining 40 percent is divided among many smaller independent firms.

One official explained, however, that much of the smaller companies' output was consumed locally and did not enter the export market.

Another current factor is a recent reduction in the amount of livestock received at the yards, it was pointed out.

No one was able to assess the effect on the trade to Europe and Asia. The UNRRA purchases chiefly canned meat, and so may not be immediately affected.

Marseille Gets Oranges; 100 Tons Are Spoiled

MARSEILLE, Jan. 20.—The steamship Cap-el-Hank, which left Casablanca on Jan. 12, has arrived here with 262 tons of oranges, of which 100 tons are spoiled. The oranges were destined for French use.

The oranges were allowed to stay too long on the Casablanca docks, it was reported.

The National Office of Exports and Imports decided that the oranges could not stand further travel, so orders were given to distribute them to the wholesale grocers of Marseille.

Keitel Says Hitler Ordered Him To Force Suicide of Rommel

NUREMBERG, Jan. 20 (UP).—Hitler personally ordered Keitel to force Field Marshal Erwin Rommel to commit suicide because of his alleged complicity in the July 20 bomb plot, it was learned today.

Germany's "Desert Fox" drank poison from a small glass vial while seated in the back seat of an automobile between two armed Nazi generals and under a heavy SS guard, after being granted ten minutes to bid farewell to his wife and son.



Field Marshal Erwin Rommel

In a documentary statement by Keitel, he said Hitler called him into his office and read him a remark Rommel was reported to have made—"Tell them in Berlin (the bomb plotters) they can count on me." Hitler had decided that Rommel must commit suicide or be arrested immediately, said Keitel.

Keitel telephoned Rommel to come to Berlin, but Rommel said he was not completely recovered from injuries received when his car was strafed on the western front.

A formal appointment was then made with Rommel for Nazi Gen. Bergdorff, who, accompanied by Gen. Meisel, drove to Rommel's country home near Ulm the evening of Oct. 15, 1944.

Rommel made no attempt to deny or justify his alleged remarks when confronted with them, Keitel said. He left the room, presumably to see his wife and son for the last time, then returned, and announced: "I am ready to go."

With the two generals, he entered the back seat of the auto which drove off in the direction of a nearby hospital. A short time later his body was taken to the hospital, and his wife notified that he died en route.

1,100 54s Due Today at Calas

By Joe Mackey
Stars and Stripes Staff Writer

MARSEILLE, Jan. 20.—About 1,100 Delta Base Section 54-pointers are expected to move into Calas staging area tomorrow for probable shipment later through northern ports, according to reports here today.

It was thought that DBS 53-pointers with three and a half years' service might move to Calas tomorrow also.

Meanwhile, one Victory ship, the Hampton Sidney, left this port today with more than 1,500 men of the Second Armd. Div. The only other departure was the Joseph Nicholson, Liberty ship, which carried more than 400 general prisoners, the last of four groups from the nearby disciplinary training center.

Marseille

Departures			
Ship	Load	Date	
Hampton Sidney V.	1,500	Jan. 20	
In Port			
George Handley Lib.	550	Jan. 21	
John Hathorn Lib.	550	Jan. 21	
M.I.T. Victory	1,500	Jan. 21	

U.S. Requests Paris Flights

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UP).—The State Department has asked France to permit U.S. airlines to fly seven trips weekly to Paris and seven to Marseille, it was learned here today.

French sources, commenting on the request, said it was doubtful if a reply would be forthcoming until the Anglo-American conference on commercial air transport questions at Bermuda was completed, as the outcome there would concern all countries interested in the numbers of flights and rates.

(American airlines have virtual assurance that they will be permitted to increase commercial flights into England even though British overseas aviation may not get under way for another ten months, it was reported from Bermuda. Sir William Hildred, director of British aviation, said Britain would agree to an immediate 50 percent increase in the present number of American flights.)

(Pan-American and American Overseas Airways are now making 14 flights weekly to Britain, carrying about 500 passengers.)

The initial fare to Paris would probably be about \$375—the same as that to London, according to the French sources.

Would Return Pro-Nazi DPs

FRANKFURT, Jan. 20 (INS).—Many displaced persons living in comparative luxury in UNRRA camps were characterized today as Nazi collaborators and sympathizers by the German Council in the U.S. zone, which proposed to Lt. Gen. Lucius D. Clay that they be returned to their own countries.

The Land of Plenty—of Nothing

Thousands of Frenchmen who want to emigrate to the U.S. will find a land where it is impossible to get a job or lodging and where the unfortunate inhabitants are obliged to drink tomato juice and eat chicken a la king, according to the New York correspondent of the newspaper Paris Matin.

His article is part of a survey the paper is conducting following a trend among young Frenchmen to leave France, which they regard as a nation disorganized and behind

the times. He advises them to stay at home.

The correspondent, Robert Villers, wrote:

"After a year in the U.S. I found neither ice box, car nor lodging. Hotels and furniture are too expensive and a furnished apartment is impossible to find. A Frenchman would have to sleep under the stairs."

Villers says that while Frenchmen complain of having to fill out government forms in triplicate, in the U.S. they must use six copies. "Even though government officials

are more polite and charming in America, they give you the same run-around," he said.

Frenchmen will only have to pay a nickel for an Automat sandwich, but it will be ham. "Ham is all right with wine, but there is no wine in America," he warned. "And you wouldn't like to begin your meal with tomato juice and pieces of chicken floating in an unnamed sauce."

And since America expects 10,000,000 unemployed by spring, he concluded, Frenchmen had best stay at home.

Woman Seized as Betrayer In Hitler Plot Faces Trial

BERLIN, Jan. 20 (AP).—The Berlin criminal police division announced today that Helene Schwaerzel, who betrayed Karl Goerdeler for a reward of 1,000,000 marks, personally delivered by Hitler, will be tried by a French military court.

Schwaerzel was captured in the French sector of Berlin. The trial date has not been set.

Goerdeler, former mayor of Leipzig, was hanged for participating in the unsuccessful bomb plot against Hitler in July, 1944.

Chicago Schools Head Expelled from NEA

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (AP).—The National Education Association expelled Dr. William H. Johnson, Chicago public schools superintendent, from membership, on grounds he violated its code of ethics.

The action climaxed an investigation of personnel practices in the Chicago school system by a special NEA committee last year.

"Some of the personnel practices in Chicago public schools," the report said, "are undemocratic and even Fascistic in nature."

Johnson, in Chicago, said he would not "add dignity to the silly charges made by the association by responding to them."

Snow Slows Spanish Trains

LISBON, Jan. 20 (AP).—A six-foot snowfall on the Spanish side of the frontier has delayed train traffic between Spain and Portugal. The Lusitania Express, which was due to arrive in Lisbon this morning from Madrid, had not crossed the border up to noon today.

Penna Sets Richmond Golf Pace

RICHMOND, Calif., Jan. 20 (AP). Little Tony Penna lost a couple of strokes to the field but clung to a two-stroke lead in the Richmond Open golf tournament at the end of the third round of the 72-hole event, carrying \$10,000 in victory bonds as prizes.

He tallied a third-round 73, four short of his sensational sub-par 65 yesterday, but his 209 kept him ahead of the nearest rival, Jimmy Hines. Hines, playing most consistent golf of all, racked up par 71, to set his total at 209.

Big Jim Ferrier, shooting his first round of the day with four under par, 67, moved up in the parade to tie Mark Fry for third position at 211. Fry posted a 70.

Grouped at 212 as the crowd turned into the stretch run were Charles Stolhand, Ed Oliver, E. J. Harrison, and Denny Shute.

Ben Hogan, one of the pre-tournament favorites, was in a 213-stroke tie with Ellsworth Vines.

Others of the big-name crowd trailed in higher scoring brackets. Among them were Jim Demaret, Bob Hamilton, and Sam Byrd, who deadlocked at 215 with Harold McSpaden.

PGA to Portland

PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 20 (AP).—The 1946 National PGA golf tournament will be held here Aug. 19-25. Byron Nelson, who took the PGA crown at Dayton, Ohio, last year, qualifies automatically as defending champion.

Sickinger Spurts To Cop 1,000-Yard AAU Feature Race

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (AP).—Fred Sickinger, who went off to war shortly after winning the 1943 Metropolitan AAU indoor-track championship in the 1,000-yard run, returned in time to win the 1946 laurels tonight on the flat track of the 23rd Reg. Armory in Brooklyn.

Sickinger's last-lap spurt sent him into the tape ahead of Stanton Callender of New York University, defending champion, and relegated Leslie MacMitchell, one-time holder of the mile indoor mark, to third. The time was 2:15.5 seconds.

The mile run went to Thomas Quinn, National AAU cross-country champion, running in the colors of the New York AC. He had his own way and was chased across the finish line in 4:19.1 by William McGuire Jr., of the 69th Reg., and Edward J. Walsh Jr., also of the New York AC.

Highy Pitches Manila to Win

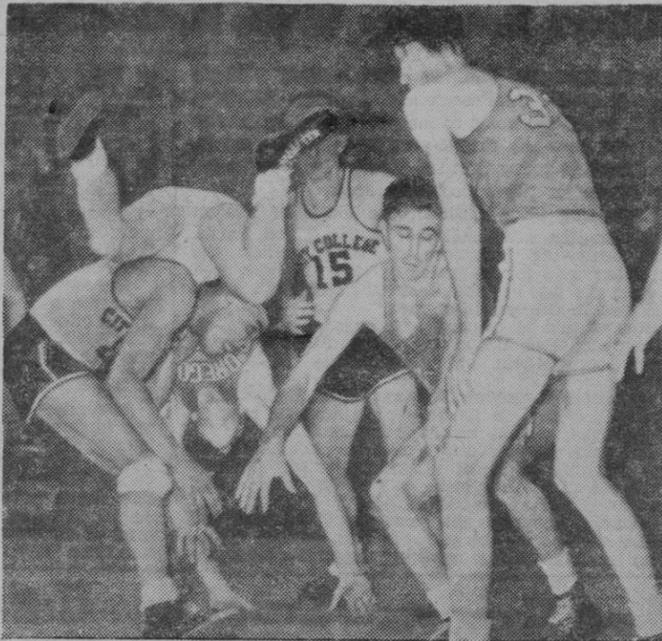
MANILA, Jan. 20 (ANS).—Kirby Highy's three-hit pitching and Early Wynn's two-run triple combined to give the Manila Dodgers a 3 to 0 triumph over the 24th Corps nine yesterday and move the victors into the Army's Olympic finals.

Hal Keeps in Trim



Hal Newhouser, Detroit's pitching ace, leans back for a high, hard one even though a snow man is the hitter and the horsehide is a snow ball.

Neat Trick If You Can Do It



Bernie McGrath, Oregon State guard, performs a neat somersault over the back of City College Forward Sonny Jameson during a game at Madison Square Garden. Members of both teams are stopped by this sight, rare to basketball. City College won, 43 to 27.

Giants' Quiz Game:

Did Their Rookie Re-enlist?

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Jan. 20 (AP).—Big Clint Hartung, Hondo schoolboy pitcher who brought \$25,000 from the New York Giants, has re-enlisted in the Army, baseball associates said today. Hartung was on a hunting trip and could not be contacted but Tom Finger, Randolph Field baseball player who is a close friend, said the youth had re-enlisted. Hartung, who has been playing in the San Antonio Service League with Hondo Army Air Field, now is on a three-month furlough.

The youth was signed by the Minneapolis Millers in 1941 and played in the Class A Northern League before joining the Army in 1942. In New York Secretary Eddie Brannick of the Giants said he still had no direct word from Hartung and that the 23-year-old pitcher had re-enlisted.

But he disclosed that President Horace Stoneham and manager Mell Ott "weren't counting on him much this year anyway." Hartung's decision will not affect the deal under which the Giants obtained his contract from Minneapolis.

Williams Best Hitter In 25 Years—Cronin

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20 (INS).—Ted Williams, slugging Boston Redsox outfielder, is assured a spot in baseball's hall fame, in the estimation of his manager, Joe Cronin.

Cronin brushed lightly over Harry Heilmann, Babe Ruth, Goose Goslin, Joe DiMaggio and other diamond stars in extolling his slugger's merits.

He declared: "Ted Williams is the greatest hitter to come into our League in 25 years."

"Williams does not strike out very often. And he draws plenty of walks. Most of your power hitters strike out a lot. Not Williams. That's why he is the greatest in 25 years."

'Ace' Parker Signs With Grid Yankees

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (AP).—Clarence "Ace" Parker, veteran halfback who won the National Football League's most valuable player award in 1940, has signed a contract with the New York Yankees of the All-America Conference, the Yankee office announced today.

Parker, who played pro football five years before the war, returned to the gridiron last season after 43 months in the Navy and was a member of the National League club operated jointly by Boston and Brooklyn.

Gals' Pro Baseball Going Big League

CHICAGO, Jan. 20 (ANS).—Women's professional baseball is going big league this year.

The gals who play on the eight teams of the All-American Girls' Baseball League are going to have a spring training camp for the first time in the circuit's four-year history, president Max Carey said.

He said about 100 girls will go to the camp at Pascagoula, Miss., a month before the opening of the season on May 22. After two weeks' training the teams will play a series of exhibition games in the south.

Mercer Award To Stirnweiss

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (AP).—George Stirnweiss, New York Yankee second baseman who led the American League both in batting and in stolen bases in the past season, has been voted the Sid Mercer Memorial award as the player of the year by the New York chapter of the Baseball Writers' Association.



George Stirnweiss

Stirnweiss, son of a New York city policeman, hit .309 and stole 33 bases while playing in every Yankee game for the second straight year. Before entering professional baseball, he gained a national recognition as a halfback at North Carolina University. He will be given the player of the year award at the Chapter's annual dinner and show here Feb. 3.

Pellicle Surprises In Hialeah Feature

MIAMI, Jan. 20 (AP).—Overlooked in betting, Hal Price Headley's Pellicle, Kentucky Derby prospect, Saturday drove to a length and a half victory under veteran Eddie Arcaro to win the \$10,000 added Hibiscus Stakes at Hialeah.

The gelding ran the distance in the fast time of 1:11 flat under 120 pounds to lead a flashy field of 13 other three-year-olds. He paid \$19.80, \$19.70 and \$6.80.

Galla Damon Wins

ARCADIA, Calif., Jan. 20 (AP).—C. J. Sebastian's tremendous big brown colt, Galla Damon, scored a solid three lengths' victory over a classy field of three-year-old colts in the \$24,000 added six-furlong San Felipe Stakes at Santa Anita Park yesterday.

Ridden by Jockey Ralph Neves, the 4-to-5 favorite zipped off a time of 1:10.1, two-fifths of a second off the track record.

Big Ten Cage Lead To Minnesota Five

CHICAGO, Jan. 20 (UP).—Minnesota's Golden Gophers, undefeated in three loop contests, today assumed the lead in the Big Ten basketball conference after Ohio State dipped its wings to Indiana.

While Minnesota was polishing off Great Lakes, 64 to 59, last night in revenge for a previous 67-to-50 licking, Indiana rolled up a 44-to-39 count on the Buckeyes, who previously were unbeaten in four league starts.

In other Big Ten clashes, Iowa surprised Purdue with a 49-to-43 decision while Michigan rode roughshod over Northwestern's entry, 56 to 37, and Illinois pummeled Chicago, 70 to 29. Wisconsin was idle.

Out on the Pacific Coast, Southern California went into a tie with the University of California in the southern division of the coast conference standings with a 55-to-51 victory. The Trojans were out-shot from the field, but sank 22 free throws. Center Jack Nichols led the winners with 23 points.

UCLA drubbed Stanford, 41 to 29, in another league encounter, while Oregon State banged Oregon, 59 to 45, in a second win in as many days.

In the East, St. John's University's fast, rangy basketball team buried inexperienced Niagara University, 80 to 37, in turning in its eighth victory of the season against three losses.

Displaying plenty of speed and shooting ability, St. John's ran up a 47-to-19 half-time lead and substitutes played the rest of the way. Harry Boykoff, St. John's elongated center, played only long enough to score three baskets.

Syracuse, upset winner over St. John's last week, had a narrow squeak in slipping past Temple, 53 to 52. Meanwhile Dartmouth scored a mild uprising in knocking off Army, 55 to 53, and Pennsylvania slammed Columbia, 48 to 41.

Graziano Wins Garden Fight

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (INS).—Rocky Graziano, leading contender for the world's middleweight crown, won a unanimous decision over Sonny Horne in a feature 10-round battle in Madison Square Garden last night before more than 19,000 fans.

The fight resulted, however, in a moral victory for Horne because Graziano had won his previous six fights by kayos. The surprising note was Rocky's marked improvement as a boxer, which experts claimed as the reason Horne went the distance.

Rocky had his foe in serious trouble several times, but Horne refused to hit the deck as the latter continued fighting in spurts.

Jessop Suspended For Rough Riding

HIALEAH, Fla., Jan. 20 (AP).—Job Jessop, the nation's leading jockey in 1945 with 290 winners, was suspended for 10 days by Hialeah Park stewards, who charged the Nibley, Utah, pilot with rough riding.

Montreal Outskates Bruins To Regain NHL Leadership

NHL Standings				
	W	L	T	Pts
Montreal.....	16	10	3	35
Chicago.....	15	10	3	33
Boston.....	13	9	6	32
Detroit.....	13	9	5	31
Toronto.....	10	17	3	23
New York.....	7	19	4	18

MONTREAL, Jan. 20 (AP).—Montreal Canadiens Saturday took sole possession of the National Hockey League leadership by turning back the Boston Bruins 3 to 1 before a capacity crowd.

Pint-sized Bobby Filion spearheaded the Montreal offensive with a brace of goals while Bouchard accounted for the other tally. Jack Crawford scored the lone Boston goal.

The Canucks sailed in front in the opening session when Filion took a pass from Joe Benoit in a scramble around the net and slapped a high corner shot behind Frank Brimsek who never moved until the puck caught the twine.

Crawford knotted the count for the Bruins when he beat Paul Bibeault with a low shot from a vicious angle after taking a pass from Bill Schmidt.

Bouchard lifted the Canucks in the lead again in the second period

when he took the relay from Leo Lamoureux and whipped the disc behind Brimsek from ten feet out.

Leafs Push Rangers Deeper Into NHL Cellar

TORONTO, Jan. 20 (AP).—The Toronto Maple Leafs defeated the New York Rangers 3-1 in a National Hockey League game Saturday night, to tighten their grip on the fifth place in the league standings and keep alive hope of reaching the fourth place and playoff position.

A goal by Tony Leswick with only 54 seconds to play spoiled the shutout for goalie Frank McCool of Toronto. Toronto goals were produced by Gaye Stewart and Gus Bodnar in the first period and Bob Davidson in the second.

American League

Cleveland 4, St. Louis 2
Pittsburgh 5, Providence 3
Hershey 6, New Haven 5

U.S. League

Minneapolis 6, Tulsa 5
Omaha 3, Fortworth 0

Eastern Amateur League

Falcons 2, Boston Olympics 1



More Capital May Be Asked For U.S. Loans

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (AP).—Administration officials are considering asking Congress to expand the capital of the Export-Import Bank by several more billions of dollars.

This was learned from government experts who are trying to find the best way for the U.S. to meet mounting requests for financial aid from foreign countries.

Prefer to Expand Bank

Rather than ask Congress to approve each large-scale loan separately, as it must the huge credit for Britain, they said the Administration now favored the idea of expanding the Export-Import Bank to allow it to do the job.

In order to accomplish this they said the bank's present \$3,500,000,000 capital must be increased substantially even if the government agrees to lend only a fraction of the estimated \$6,000,000,000 or more foreign countries are expected to ask.

The officials said they planned to present Congress with a complete report on the prospective loan situation.

Reassurance Expected

This will be designed to allay fears that approval of the British loan will set a precedent and bring a flood of applicants, each of whom will be granted additional thousands of millions of dollars. Such reassurance is expected to be included in President Truman's message to Congress, urging approval of the British credit or else developed by Administration spokesmen during hearings on the bill.

Russia, France and China are important countries in any loan calculations. France is reported seeking an additional \$2,000,000,000 from the Export-Import Bank to supplement \$550,000,000 she was granted several months ago. China's tentative estimates also have run as high as \$2,000,000,000.

Treasury Chief Says Russia Has Requested U.S. Loan

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (INS).—Treasury Secretary Fred Vinson said yesterday a note from Russia requesting a loan has been "lying around in the State Department for some time."

The State Department has denied consistently that Russia applied for a loan.

Vinson observed: "I don't know whether you call it a formal application, but the information I have says it was received a long time back."

2,000 in Peril as Ship Hits Mine at Singapore

LONDON, Jan. 20 (AP).—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Singapore today said that the st. Highland Brigade with 2,000 Indian troops aboard struck a mine 30 miles from Singapore and was believed to be in danger of sinking.

Tugs, landing craft and launches were reported rushing to the rescue.

American Forces network

Time	TODAY	TODAY
1200-News	1900-James Melton	
1205-Off the Record	1930-Burns Allen	
1300-Help Wanted	2000-Inform. Please	
1305-Sports Review	2030-Comedy Caravan	
1315-Remember	2100-Nuremberg	
1330-Asked For It	2115-Music	
1400-Love Song	2130-AFN Playhouse	
1430-Inform. Hour	2200-Date with Duke	
1500-News	2230-Guy Lombardo	
1505-Beaucoup Music	2300-Bull Session	
1600-Symphony Hour	2315-Spotlight Bands	
1700-Duffle Bag	2330-Merely Music	
1800-News	2400-News	
1815-Personal Album	0015-Midnight Paris	
1830-Supper Club	0200-Sign Off	
1845-Magic Carpet		
	TOMORROW	
0600-News	1130-Information	
0615-Morning Report	1500-News	
0715-Hymns Home	1505-Beaucoup Music	
0730-Fred Waring	1600-Symphony	
0800-GI Jive	1700-Duffle Bag	
0815-News	1800-News	
0830-Repeat Perform.	1815-Personal Album	
0900-Modern Music	1830-Supper Club	
0930-Bull Session	1845-Magic Carpet	
0945-String Serenade	1900-Showtime	
1000-Barn Dance	1930-Fibber McGee	
1030-Morn. Interlude	2000-Barry Wood	
1045-Easy Does it	2030-Bob Hope	
1100-Carroll Songs	2100-Nuremberg Trials	
1115-Across the Board	2115-Music	
1130-At Ease	2130-AFN Playhouse	
1145-Melody Roundup	2200-Mail Call	
1200-News	2230-Fred Allen	
1205-Off the Record	2300-Music	
1300-At Your Service	2315-AFN Bandstand	
1305-Sports Review	2330-Merely Music	
1315-Remember	2400-News	
1330-Asked for it	0015-Midnight Paris	
1400-Love Song	0200-Sign Off	

Short Wave 6.089 and 3.565 Meg. Paris 610 Ke. Normandy 1204 Ke.

'Teen-Age Crimes Worry U.S. Experts

NEW YORK, Jan. 20 (INS).—An unprecedented number of recent crimes and tragedies involving girls in their early 'teens is occupying the attention of sociologists, juvenile welfare agencies, and law enforcement officers in America.

Psychologists say the trend can be largely blamed on early sex sophistication. Both girls and boys, they declare, now embark on hectic romances at an age when, a few years ago, their inclinations would have led to no more than harmless "puppy love."

Typical of recent cases was a 16-year-old New York girl who was murdered by a slightly older admirer because "she went with other fellows."

In Chicago a girl of 15 was arrested a few weeks ago as the "queen" of a juvenile holdup gang. In Cambridge, Mass., a 17-year-old high school miss fell similarly into the toils of the law.

Police officials expected a rise in juvenile delinquency during and after the war, but the tremendous increase in arrests of girls under 18—they have tripled in six years—has started reform agencies looking for the basis of the unhealthy trend. And premature sophistication seems to be the answer.

Marguerite Marsh of the New York City Welfare Council, commented: "The dangerous formative years of a girl's early life, from 15 through 17, should be strictly guided by parental, school and church supervision."

"Too often nowadays young girls learn too much in too short a time. They gain a false sense of sophistication and security."

"Instead of experiencing and giving vent to a natural, healthy exuberance, they often adopt an air of reckless bravado, and in a great many cases this carries them well into a crime career before they wake up."

Examples of the sort of thing that concerns youth agencies are numerous.

Pauline Barrett, 15-year-old Chicago girl, joined four neighborhood boys in what seemed an escapade at the time but developed into a first-class kidnaping and robbery.

The quintet forced John Grippen, Chicago salesman, to drive them to Fremont, Neb., taking \$39 from him en route and threatening him with knives and blackjacks. Pauline thought the whole thing was "fun" until their arrest on kidnaping charges.

Jean Benon, 16-year-old Los Angeles girl wife, listened to the blandishments of 30-year-old Harold Young. She told her 17-year-old husband, Leon, she was leaving him and began packing her bag. The husband strode into the living-room, where Young waited, and shot him to death.

The youth of the married couple was taken into consideration by the jury in acquitting the boy-husband. Sociologists pointed out that the real trouble was the assumption of adult responsibilities by two youngsters who normally would have been going to school instead of starting married life.

Dick Tracy

By Courtesy of Chicago Tribune Syndicate, Inc.

By Chester Gould



Terry and The Pirates

By Courtesy of News Syndicate

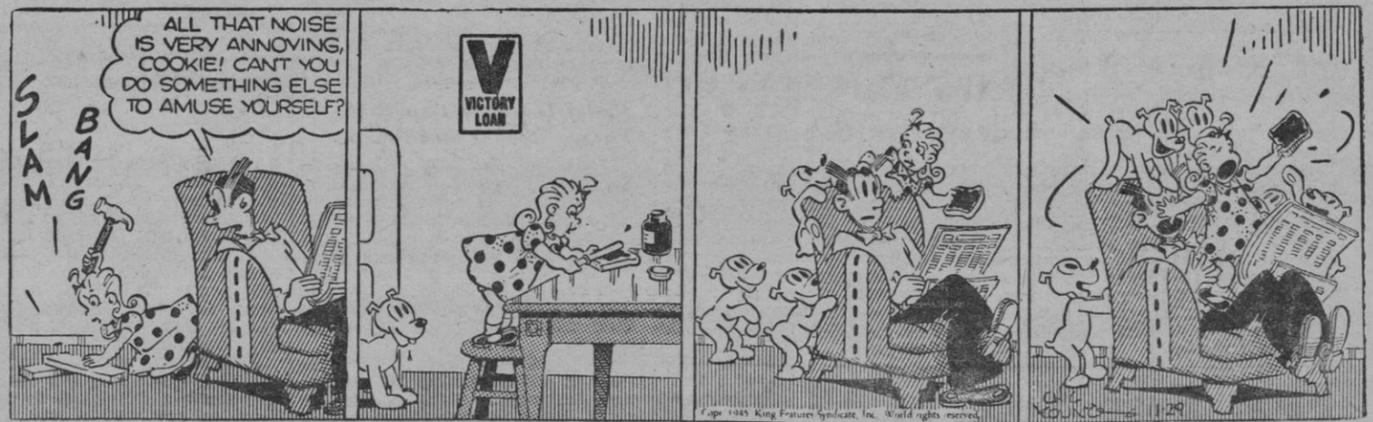
By Milton Caniff



Blondie

By Courtesy of King Features Syndicate

By Chic Young



Joe Palooka

By Courtesy of McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

By Ham Fisher



Jap Kills Yanks, Tells Them They Die Heroes

SHANGHAI, Jan. 20 (UP).—"Extremely sorry" to command the firing squad which executed three American fliers in Gen. Jimmy Doolittle's raid on Tokyo in 1942, Japanese Capt. Sotojiro Tatsuta told the fliers just before their death; "You are dying a heroic death for your country. Your names will be outstanding in American history."

Tatsuta, one of seven Japanese officers charged with the execution, has been imprisoned here for the last two weeks. Chief Japanese military jailer for Shanghai when the three Americans he claims to admire were executed, the 59-year-old Tatsuta has been a jailer for most of his Army career and has two sons in the Japanese Army.

Still in full uniform, the gold-toothed Tatsuta described his experience with the American fliers: "First I put all eight fliers in one room. We made friends and the fliers showed me pictures of their sweethearts. On the evening of Oct. 15, my seniors informed me that three of them were sentenced to death and would be executed the next day."

"So I removed those three from the original room in order to avoid confusion," the captain went on. "Since they showed me their sweethearts' pictures—I'm a human being—I was unwilling to tell them outright that their execution was scheduled."

"The next day, however, I hinted that something might happen and persuaded them to write wills, which all three did. I forwarded all wills to my seniors for the International Red Cross to transmit."

"Dawn of the next morning, Oct. 16, a 15-man firing squad was ready. The previous afternoon I had prepared crosses and boxes for their ashes. Then, just the very minute before marching them out to the execution ground, I told them they were sentenced to death by court martial."

Tatsuta said that the fliers had answered: "Okay, we expected that all the time."

After praising the fliers, Tatsuta said: "I felt so for them because my own sons in the army might possibly be in the same position. All three fliers were young men, but weak and thin."

"I commanded the firing squad only because I was chief jailer and it was my duty," Tatsuta said. "I could not help it, but in my heart I felt extremely sorry. After the execution, I had the bodies cremated."

Red Reporter Calls Vote In U.S. Zone Premature

BERLIN, Jan. 20 (AP).—The first report by Soviet correspondents who visited the American occupation zone in Germany criticized the slowness of industrial recovery and observed that the Americans are holding German local elections too early.

One writer reported that Bavarian industrial and transport recovery had been slowed because "much-needed coal from the Ruhr is coming too slowly and in insufficient quantities."

On visits to railroad repair works, locomotive plants and tool plants in Munich, the correspondent reported: "I was astounded by the large number of tool machines which were out of operation."

Of the local elections that were held yesterday and are to be held Jan. 27 the correspondent reported: "I got the impression that military government leaders and other administrators believe the elections were being held too early."

Five Soviet correspondents made a conducted tour of the American zone under the exchange agreement which sent American and British newsmen on tours into the Soviet zone.

Clark Wasted Lives at Rapido, Say 36th Men

(Continued from Page 1)

diated reply from a War Department spokesman in Washington, who said the Rapido River battle, as a diversionary engagement intended to keep German pressure off the initial Anzio operations, was successful.

The War Department spokesman said the division lost about 2,000 men in killed, wounded and captured, and that if it had not been for the Rapido River action the Germans would have stripped their front line to pit major strength against the Anzio Beachhead assault.

Army Bares Story of Failure In Attack at Rapido River

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (UP).—The Rapido River attack in Italy two years ago failed because of difficult terrain, bitter enemy resistance and lack of success on the part of other elements in the general plan of which it was a part, the War Department said today.

The Department's story of the assault, made public after the 36th Division Association passed a resolution asking Congress to investigate the Rapido "fiasco," admitted that the attack, led by Maj. Gen. L. Walker, was a failure.

"While a bloody local action, it was still only part of fighting which raged from the Mediterranean to the Adriatic and Aegean in the Anzio area," the explanation said.

The War Department emphasized that the Rapido thrust was part of a co-ordinated assault designed primarily to break through into the Liri Valley for an advance on Rome, and secondly to prevent German reserves from being sent to the Anzio beachhead.

The U.S. 34th and 36th Divisions were to take Mount Trocchio, east of the Rapido, and the 36th was then to try to force a crossing. At the same time, French and British units of the Fifth Army were to make advances in near-by sectors. Because the Rapido was too swift and swollen, its banks too steep and the Germans—who held commanding hills affording excellent observation—were too well entrenched, the action failed, the War Department said.

Steel Plants Bank Furnaces

(Continued from Page 1)

that CIO and AFL meat packers continued into the fifth day of their strike as meat became scarce. A fact-finding panel is scheduled to open public hearings Tuesday in Chicago.

(No progress was made towards a settlement of the dispute of 200,000 electrical workers, which began Tuesday.)

(Strikes in the making involved 263,000 telephone workers, scheduled to leave their jobs in 30 days, and 30,000 farm equipment workers, slated to walk out of International Harvester Co. plants in the Chicago area today.)

When most of the 9,000 workers of the Jones Laughlin steel plants at Pittsburgh walked out prematurely Saturday, they left 500 tons of hot metal cooling in vats, and should the metal harden before it is removed, considerable damage will result, company officials said. In most of the plants crews remained long enough to finish pouring hot metal.

(International News Service said a near panic hit Chicago's South Side last night when a terrific explosion in the Republic Steel Corp.'s plant rocked a far-flung area. The blast, which was unexplained, blew the heavy top structure off a building standing 50 feet from the plant's huge blast furnace that was used to collect gas-laden dust from the ore.)

First Free Vote in 13 Years In Hesse; the Issue Is Bread

FRANKFURT, Jan. 20 (AP).—Germans in more than 1,000 small communities in Greater Hesse, part of the U.S. zone, were turning out to vote today in the first free election they have had since the Nazi dictatorship imposed a one-party system upon the Reich 13 years ago.

The election, limited to choice of town councils, was expected to draw about 300,000 voters. Balloting for municipal officials in other parts of the American zone will be held next Sunday. U.S. Military Government authorities expect that as many as 4,500,000 persons may take part in the two elections.

The German people have a choice of candidates and parties such as

they never enjoyed under Hitler, but personalities and factors such as increased bread supplies are expected to be more important than party alignment.

Many Germans have condemned the elections as premature, claiming the voters are not ready for elections and the issues have not been clearly defined. On the other hand, military authorities point out that the elections involve only local issues and serve as a trial run for larger elections scheduled next April.

In Berlin, according to the United Press, Otto Grotewohl, 52-year-old Socialist leader, appealed for avoidance of any hasty action which would split the Socialist movement in Germany into two or three parts.



Revenge

Cpl. Milton Baker made this hangman's noose, which he hopes to use on Gen. Tomoyuki Yamashita. Baker, a survivor of the Bataan death march and a prisoner of the Japs for 44 months, wrote to MacArthur for the job.

AFN Seeks Cable-Snatcher As CID Aids

Three cuts made in the Paris AFN transmission line last week were being investigated by CID agents over the weekend.

On Jan. 15 at 7 AM about 100 feet of rubber-insulated cable connecting the Paris studio with the transmitter in Malmaison was removed. Repairs were completed by noon. The next day the line was cut again in the morning but no cable was taken. On the 17th the third interruption took place and ten feet of cable was removed.

Saturday, in a front page article, the Paris Post said the cuts were due to sabotage but no confirming evidence was offered. CID agents and AFN operating personnel believe that the valuable cable, of recognized German make, was removed by someone who thought it was part of an abandoned Nazi line. The 10-gauge cable is a little less than a half-inch thick and carries two pairs of wires.

The line was cut a few hundred yards from the transmitter in Malmaison. At this point the cable, strung on telephone poles, sags considerably and would be within reach of an agile thief.

Officially the AFN cable case seems to have no legal existence, a Stars and Stripes check revealed yesterday. Western Base Public Relations had no information to offer because AFN comes under TSFET and complete liaison between the Base and TSFET PRO has not yet been established.

The CID also had no information. Capt. Robert E. De Mott, of the Western Base Criminal Investigating Division, refused to say anything about the case.

UNO May Add Members

(Continued from Page 1)

thorny business after six speech-making days which closed with a bang when Iran handed the brand-new, powerful Security Council the task of investigating "interference" in the internal affairs of Iran.

Delegates of the main powers held talks on the Iranian question but had to devote some time also to corridor discussions of other problems not yet squarely faced by UNO. These include the selection of a good and trusted man for the \$35,000-a-year job of secretary general.

Soviet Delegate Expected To See Byrnes and Bevin

LONDON, Jan. 20 (Reuter).—Andrei Vyshinsky, chief Soviet delegate to the UNO Assembly, was expected to arrive in Britain by air from Moscow this afternoon, and to confer with Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Secretary, and U.S. Secretary of State James F. Byrnes. It is believed that Iranian and Bulgarian problems will be discussed.

Vyshinsky was charged with the task of reconstructing the Bulgarian government after the Moscow talks. Since the opposition parties failed to agree to broaden the administration, Britain and the U.S. are waiting to discuss with Vyshinsky what further steps should be taken to achieve reconstruction.

Steelworker Gets Life For Killing GP's Wife

ELYRA, Ohio, Jan. 20 (AP).—A jury convicted Gordon Wellman, a 23-year-old Lorain (Ohio) steelworker, of first-degree murder in the slaying last October of Mrs. Helen Duffield, 24-year-old wife of a serviceman.

A recommendation of mercy made a life sentence mandatory for Wellman, who admitted the shooting followed a lover's quarrel. Wellman said the shooting occurred as he sought to steal her automobile.

Atom Chief Wants to Quit

(Continued from Page 1)

from atomic energy for everyday use in the near future.

The University of California chemist who has been working on the atomic project at the University of Chicago said he was convinced that the enormous power of the atom could be turned to constructive as well as destructive purposes. In the future, he said, scientists expect to control the flow of heat accompanying the manufacture of plutonium.

UNO Atom Air Force Suggested by Stassen

CINCINNATI, Jan. 20 (AP).—Establishment of a United Nations atomic air force to police the world was suggested by Harold E. Stassen, former Minnesota governor and delegate to the San Francisco Conference, which created the United Nations Organization.

"A strategically located" air unit should be armed with U.S.-made bombs, but manned by volunteers from all the United Nations, Stassen told a Cincinnati University gathering.

Stassen, who also proposed adoption of a world-wide law outlawing manufacture and use of the atomic bomb by any nation, said a joint air force "would be powerful enough to 'inflict' great danger on any aggressor," but not too strong "as to be itself a threat of world domination."

Legislator Asks Boost In Overseas GI's Points

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 (AP).—Rep. Francis Case (R-S.D.) has proposed legislation to boost the point score of overseas servicemen.

He would give every overseas soldier or Marine one point for each month of foreign service and an additional five points for each year's service in the Pacific or Asiatic theaters.

Spain . . .

(Continued from Page 1)

of the Spanish republic. France had previously urged a three-power parley to "reconsider relations with the Spanish government" with a view toward their breaking relations with Franco. Such a move, France believes, could oust the nine-year Falangist regime.

Some significance was seen also in the talks which French Minister of State Vincent Auriol had with both U.S. Secretary of State James F. Byrnes and British Minister of State Philip Noel Baker, at which it is believed Auriol informed them of his conference with former Spanish Republican Premier Juan Negrin.

It also became known today that Spanish Republicans, headed by Fernandos De Los Rios, are in London attending the Constituent Assembly as UNO observers.

UNO's 1st 10 Days Marked By 3 Elections, 40 Orations

LONDON, Jan. 20 (AP).—The United Nations Organization was ten days old yesterday and had accomplished:

Election of Foreign Minister Paul Henri Spaak of Belgium as President of the General Assembly.

Election of six nations to sit with five permanent power members on the Security Council.

Election of 18 nations to the Economic and Social Council (first session next week).

Organization meeting of the Security Council. Agreement to consider creation of an atomic energy commission. One solid week of oratory, ending today, in which statesmen of the 51 member nations delivered exactly 40 major addresses.